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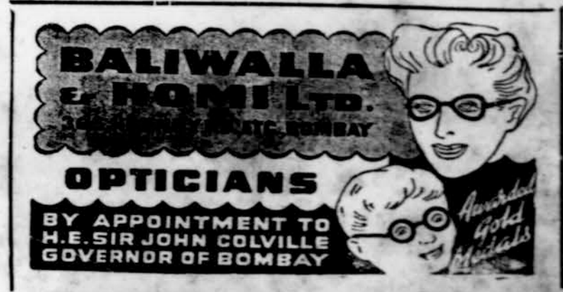
UNIVERSITY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY



No Extension Of Truce In Palestine

GRAND MUFTI SCOFFS AT BERNADOTTE PLAN

No Arab Can Accept It: But Mediator Has New Offers

ISRAEL TOO REJECTS PROPOSALS

CAIRO, JULY 4. (U.P.A.): HAJ AMIN EL HUSSEINI, EXILED GRAND MUFTI OF JERUSALEM, SAID TODAY THAT THE "ARABS HAVE REJECTED BERNADOTTE'S PROPOSALS" AND WOULD REFUSE ANY PROPOSED EXTENSION OF THE TRUCE.

TWICE HE TOLD NEWSMEN THAT THE ARABS COULD NOT ACCEPT THE UNITED NATIONS MEDIATOR'S PLAN TO FORESTALL RENEWED FIGHTING IN PALESTINE WHEN THE PRESENT TRUCE ENDS ON FRIDAY.

"No Arab can accept Bernadotte's proposals or even use them as a basis for discussion on Palestine's future", he said before he conferred with Egyptian Premier Nokrashy Pasha. After the conference he was asked what the Arabs would do if Bernadotte proposed an extension of the truce.

He replied: "Of course, we will say no".

Bernadottee, who called on Nokrashy just before Husseini, shook hands with the Grand Mufti when they met on his way out. It was the first time the two had met.

Dr. Ralph Bunch, a member of Bernadotte's staff, said the Arabs had not closed the door for discussion of a Palestine settlement and the United Nations mediation group would continue its peace efforts and discussions would still proceed.

Bernadotte who told newsmen: "I have other proposals in my bag", said he would now go to Rhodes where he would receive the Jewish reply to his present plan.

Will Meet Arab League Again

Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator, who last night heard the Arab League views on his peace plan for Palestine, today talked for 75 minutes with Nokrashy Pasha, the Egyptian Prime Minister, says "Reuter".

Before leaving Cairo for his Rhodes Headquarters, he announced: "I hope to have an opportunity before Friday, when the Palestine Truce expires, to meet the Arab League Inner Council once more".

It was understood this would be after he received the Jewish reply to his proposals.

It was generally assumed today, although still not certainly known, that both sides had rejected them.

JEWISH IMMIGGRANTS

A Reuer despatch from Famagusta today reported that about 2,100 of the 24,000 former illegal Jewish immigrants detained in Cyprus had embarked on the "Pan York" ready to sail to Palestine.

Nearly all were women and girls, boys under 18 or men over 45 as the British ban on men of military age leaving was being strictly enforced.

The "Pan York" with her sister ship "Pan Crescent" were expected to sail tonight.

"Reasoned Rejection" By Israel

TEL AVIV, July 4. (U.P.I.) The Provisional Government of Israel met last night to consider the reply to Count Bernadotte's peace proposals which the Cabinet at an earlier meeting decided to reject outright and unanimously agreed that the Mediator's proposals could not serve as basis for Arab-Jewish negotiations.

The reply, it is understood, will be a "reasoned rejection". The Government disapproves of the provisions that Jerusalem should be handed over to the Arabs and that Jewish immigration should be controlled after a specified period.

The only positive point the Jews are prepared to consider is stated to be the yielding of Southern Negev in exchange for retention of Western Galilee.

ASAFIA FLAG PULLED DOWN

BOMBAY, July 4 (UPI).—A huge mob consisting of more than 1,000 Kisans, is reported to have marched in procession and pulled down the Asafia Flag flying over the Police Thana at Newargaon in Aurangabad District and hoisted the Indian National Flag there.

Another report received here states that a boy in his teens has been arrested at Aurangabad for painting in his book a portrait of the Nizam with the Indian National Flag in his hand.

The property of a State Congress worker, Mr. Lal Binda Prasad in Vaijapur, Aurangabad, is reported to have been attached by the Nizam's Government and handed over to the local Razakars.

They Support Marshal Tito

BELGRADE, July 4. (Reuter): Communist members of the Staff of the Yugoslav Defence Ministry today told Marshal Tito they would "unwaveringly continue to follow" the Marshal and the Central Committee of the Communist Party, the Yugoslav news agency "Tanjug" reported.

Communist members of the Ministry's Staff met to elect delegates to the annual Communist Party Congress.

Their message to Marshal Tito said: "Great difficulties lay on the way of fulfilment of the great ideals of the leadership of our party".

U. N. POLICE IN PALESTINE

Members of the United Nations Police Guard snapped on their arrival at Haifa aerodrome to enforce truce between the Jews and the Arabs.

Israel-Jordon Union: Palestine Peace Plan

LAKE SUCCESS, July 4 (UPI).—Economic Union between Independent Israel and enlarged Transjordan taking over the Arab portion of the Hloy Land and Jerusalem, is the main feature of Count Bernadotte's peace proposals which have been released here tonight.

The proposals include also the following territorial changes in the partition plan:—

1. The whole or part of Negev would be included in enlarged Transjordan.
2. Israel in return would get all or part of Western Galilee;
3. Reconsideration of the status of Jaffa which was given special economy within the Jewish State under the partition plan;
4. Haifa would become a Free Port (the area of the Free Port to include the refineries and terminals).
5. Lydda Airport would also be made free.

Count Bernadotte has also suggested that the Arab and Israel Governments should control their own immigration for the first two years after the establishment of Economic Union after which the immigration policy is to be reviewed by a Council of Union if necessary.

In the opinion of Count Bernadotte the proposed Council of Union could and should "promote common economic interest to operate and maintain common services including Customs and Excise, to under development projects and co-ordinate foreign policy and measures for common defence."

Count Bernadotte said that if neither side offered counter-proposals and if both rejected the suggestions, he would still be free to submit such conclusions to the Security Council as he might consider appropriate.

Development Of Saurashtra

'Lok Paksha' To Work For Good Of The People

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, July 3.

The newly constituted Saurashtra Lok Paksha has issued a manifesto on the aims and objects of the Party. The Party will work for the all-round development of Saurashtra and for safeguarding the rights and privileges of the people. It will also work for the removal of people's grievances so far as the Governmental machinery is concerned.

The Party will select non-party candidates for election to the Constituent Assembly.

NEW CUSTOMS H.Q. FOR SAURASHTRA

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, July 3.

A new Customs Headquarters, it is understood, will be established at Jamnagar entrusted with the work of supervising all ports of Saurashtra.

400 Lbs. Of Gold Stolen

PARIS, July 4, (Reuter): About 400 pounds of pure gold valued at more than £100,000 was stolen from Daly airport near Paris during the night.

The gold, which had arrived at the airport yesterday from New York and was destined for the Bank of Indo-China in Saigon, had been deposited in the strong room of the Customs and Excise Department of the airport, police officials disclosed.

Police today questioned a night watchman who was on duty at the strong room during the night.

Bank notes worth 30,000,000 dollars were left untouched in the strong room.

PALESTINE STERLING BALANCES

Israel Accuses Britain Of "Shameless Default"

LONDON, July 4. (Reuter): At Lake Success, Mr. Aliezer Kaplan, Israeli Finance Minister, accused Britain of "a simple and shameless default, unprecedented in the history of British financial dealings", by blocking about £100 million in Palestine Sterling Balances.

The British Treasury did this "without any conditions stated or any negatiations". Mr. Kaplan told the United Nations last night. He described it as an attempt to impede the growth of the Jewish State.

Mr. Kaplan revealed that the new State had already raised £3,500,000 towards a planned National Loan of £5 million.

EUROPEAN MILITARY ALLIANCE

WASHINGTON, July 4 (Reuter): Long awaited six-nation talks on U.S. participation in and backing of a Western Europe Military Alliance will begin in Washington on Tuesday it was learned here today.

The talks will be informal incharacter at the outset.

New Chinese Currency

NANKING, July 4. (Reuter): A Chinese Legislative Yuan (Parliament) Committee has approved in principle the issue of a new Chinese National Currency, press reports said today.

The Committee also decided last night to establish a Commission to control the Bank Note issue.

CHALLENGE TO COMMUNISM

New World Labour Front Forged At Frisco

FEDERATION FOR ASIA

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4. (Reuter): Workers' delegates from India, Pakistan, China, Burma, Indonesia, the Philippines and Persia are forming an Asian Federation of Labour, Mr. Hariharnath Shastri, Indian Workers' Delegate announced today. It was hoped, he said, that 'liaison' with Inter-American Confederation of Workers would lead to consolidation of the two organisations to supplant the world Federation of Trade Unions. Meetings between delegates of the two bodies had already begun.

A statement, Mr. Shastri read at the end of a closed meeting of the new Federation now drafting its constitution, said: "The purpose of our getting together is not opposition to communism. We want a Labour Movement that will achieve the objective of progress, sound justice and equality by democratic and peaceful measures and not in the way that communists would have it done".

Mr. Frank Fenton, American Workers Delegate, declared: "The die is cast on the International Labour Front. There can no longer be any contact between the ideals of a Free Trade Union Movement and those who follow a communist philosophy"

Delhi Ban

NEW DELHI, July 3 (API): The District Magistrate, Delhi, has by an order under the Punjab Public Safety Act banned from today the holding of public meetings, processions, the assembly of five or more persons for one month within the entire cantonement area of Delhi.

Sind League On War Path!

MOVE TO AVERT DEADLOCK

Berlin Currency Regulation: Three-Power Ruling Is No Capitulation

NO NOTE YET TO MOSCOW

BERLIN, July 4 (Reuter): Marsnal Vassily Sokolovsky, Russian Commander in Germany, was today reported to have sent letters to the American, British and French Military Governors less than 24 hours after they had joined in four-power talks in a vain attempt to break the Berlin deadlock.

There was no official confirmation late this afternoon of this and nothing was known of the contents of the Marshal's letters. Meanwhile a new western move to end the "siege" of Berlin's western sectors was awaited.

With the three western military leaders receiving no assurances on the resumption of traffic from Marshal Sokolovsky at their half-hour talk last night, many observers believed action would now be transferred to the highest diplomatic plane.

It was thought in London diplomatic circles that there will be no final decision on the sending of a note from the United States, Britain and France to Moscow at least until the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, returns to London tomorrow.

Stepping up the great Anglo-American air lift to keep Berlin's western sectors supplied with food, Britain today sent giant Sunderland flying boats to join the fleet of transport planes serving the Capital at an ever-increasing tempo.

The first five Sunderlands to be used to supply Berlin touched town area Hamburg this afternoon. They will take on supplies and land on one of a string of lakes running through the western sectors of Berlin.

At the American sector airport, 161 British and 187 American planes

(Continued on Page 7)

IN CHINA THEY CARRY A PAY SACK

NANKING, July 4 (Reuter).—China's currency inflation has replaced the pay envelope by the pay sack.

One million dollar banknotes are common sights in shops where rice costs almost two million dollars a pound.

The black market dollar rate last week was four million to one United States dollar.

CITY POLICE OPEN FIRE

Sequel To Rioting Following Tram Accident

CURFEW PROCLAIMED

BOMBAY, July 4 (API).—Knife attacks and heavy stone-throwing led to the police opening fire in the Maharbouri area in Central Bombay tonight where earlier (about 10 p.m.) communal trouble had started, following an accident in which a person was thrown out of a tramcar.

Within an hour's time the trouble spread to the adjoining Nagpada, Agripada, Pydhoni and Dongri areas.

A 'communique' from the Director of Publicity, Bombay, tonight reported that the situation was under control by about 11-30 p.m.

Curfew has been imposed in the affected localities where armed police were called out and are patrolling.

Total casualties in tonight's clashes and police firing are 15 dead and 63 injured. Central Bombay, where the trouble died down in Bombay before tion area and tonight's flare-up is the first of its type since communal trouble died dwon in Bombay before August 15, 1947.

SOVIET TO TAKE NEXT BIG STEP IN EUROPE?

PRAGUE, July 4, (Reuter): Soviet policy moves in Germany and other recent Soviet actions are designed to prepare the field for major policy developments in Europe, according to well-informed political observers here today.

These observers have been connecting the Soviet moves in Germany, the Eastern European Foreign Ministers' Conference at Warsaw and the Cominform meeting which censored the Yugoslav Communist Party, into an integrated picture.

They point to a significant change of the mood of Communist members as indicative of the general situation.

There has been a fear here that the German impasse might develop out of control. But there were similar doubts when Soviet policy was focussed on Greece.

Pressure in Germany, it is felt could be transferred to any other point as policy required.

The Warsaw Conference is regarded as a move to assemble the available political forces on a Government level.

Marshal Tito's nationalism, observers here maintain, is in the way of solutions to, among other things, the Trieste question and the problem of Balkan Federation. Trieste cannot be offered to Italy nor can Carinthia be thrown on to the scales of the Austrian Treaty negotiations, while Marshal Tito maintains his nationalist attitude.

Communist Party circles here have been hopeful that the Tito differences might have been resolved as a private family matter.

The main impression here is that the Slav Bloc is ready for any emergency caused by party policy.

NO SURRENDER OF KARACHI TO PAKISTAN CENTRE

Qaid-i-Azam's Advice Rejected: Directive To Government

SIR ZAFRULLAH'S 'NO' TO STATES PEOPLE

KARACHI, JULY 4. (A.P.I.): THE LONG DRAWN CONTROVERSY OVER THE ISSUE OF THE SEPARATION OF KARACHI FROM SIND WAS CARRIED A STAGE FURTHER WHEN THE COMMITTEE OF ACTION APPOINTED BY THE SIND PROVINCIAL MUSLIM LEAGUE COUNCIL AT ITS MEETING HELD TODAY, RESOLVED TO DIRECT THE SIND GOVERNMENT "TO REFUSE TO HAND OVER ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROL OF KARACHI TO THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT".

The resolution said that the Committee did not feel satisfied with the advice given by Quaid-i-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah apropos of the separation issue to a Sindhi Legislators' deputation at Ziarat recently.

The resolution was carried by 14 votes to one, the only dissenting member being Mr. M. H. Gazdar who had already publicly appealed for the acceptance of the Quaid-i-Azad's advice. Seven of those present today are also members of the Sind Legislative Assembly.

ZAFRULLAH PLEADS HELPLESSNESS

KARACHI, July 4 (UPI): His helplessness to do anything on the question of introduction of responsible Governments in Pakistan States was expressed by Sir Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan's Foreign Minister, when a deputation of the Pakistan States' Muslim League workers waited on him yesterday.

Sir Zafrullah Khan, it is learnt, told the deputationists that the States affairs were to be dealt with by Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah, the Governor-General.

Preparations are afoot for the proposed direct action in the States, which is scheduled to start after July 15. A detailed programme is under active consideration of the Committee of Action appointed by the Council of the Pakistan States' Muslim League. It is understood that a deputation of the Committee is shortly meeting the Governor-General in order to press for an amicable settlement of the States responsible Government issue. The League circles are optimistic of a settlement, but if their efforts for settlement fail, the Committee of Action would meet in camera and finalise its plans of action.

Pakistan May Not Purchase Indian Sugar

KARACHI, July 4 (UPI): The "United Press" learns that Pakistan may not purchase any further sugar from the Indian Union because of high prices. It is stated that Brazilian sugar costs nine annas per seer, and Cuban sugar ten annas per seer, while the Indian sugar costs Rs. 1/2 a seer. However, Pakistan is hesitant about spending dollars on sugar purchases from foreign countries.

Pakistan Bank Rate Fixed

KARACHI, July 4. (A. P. I.): Mr. Zahid Hussain, Governor, State Bank of Pakistan, presided over the first meeting of the Central Board of Directors held here on July 2.

The Board fixed the banking rate at 3 per cent per annum.

A heavy agenda was disposed of which included, among other things, draft regulations on a number of important subjects such as the election of Directors, relations of the State Bank with the Scheduled Banks and powers of officers in regard to expenditure.

The appointment of Mr. Mahmud, at present Deputy-General Manager in the Habib Bank, as Chief Officer in the Department of Banking Operations was approved.

The Board also decided to set up Selection Committees at Lahore and Dacca to recruit necessary staff.

MINORITIES IN EAST BENGAL

DACCA, July 3 (API): The grievances of the minority community regarding non-recruitment in Government services according to quota, non-holding of bye-elections and inadequate relief in flood affected areas, were placed before the Premier of East Bengal, by Mr. Dhirendra Nath Dutta, Deputy Leader and three other members of the East Bengal Congress Assembly party when they interviewed Khwaja Nazimuddin yesterday.

They submitted that out of 39 adjutants of the Ansar Bahini only one had been taken from Hindus and out of 86 assistant adjutants only 4 had been taken from Hindus and all these four belonged to scheduled castes. No caste Hindus had been appointed for these important posts, although there were many qualified Hindu candidates.

This, the deputationists maintained, was violation of the Government announcements that 30 percent of Government posts would go to the minorities. They further pointed out that out of 14 Deputy Magistrates recruited during the year, only one had been taken from the Hindu community and all the three newly recruited Deputy Superintendents of police were members of the majority community.

As regards bye-elections, they said that while all the Muslim seats which had been declared vacant as a result

(Continued on Page 7)

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They have also pleasure in announcing that their BOMBAY-AMRITSAR Daily Service will be extended to BIKANER from

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Middle aged well-to-do Hindu Gentleman wants respectable Lady Companion, preferably Widow, with view to marry. Should know Hindi or English. Her present happiness and future well provided with. Caste, religion no bar. Correspondence confidential. Contact Box No. 9109 "Bombay Chronicle."

Maratha girl, age 21, invites marriage Correspondence Apply C/o Post Box 4014. Bombay-7. 9088

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated & pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately for the M. M. Arts College and N. M. Institute of Science, Andheri, a Librarian, preferably a diploma holder in Librarianship, or at least experience of work in a College Library, in the grade of Rs. 100/-10-2/- 150/-. Candidates with good qualifications and experience will be given a higher start. Please apply to the Principal. (498)

Golden opportunity for, good Film companies H. Golden Voiced young Lad, desires to join as a Comedian Actor, or as a Play Back Singer. Apply Box No. 9111 "Bombay Chronicle."

Enthusiastic young men and girls only with Hindi or Urdu as Mother Tongue are required for our Hindustani-version-production. Intending candidates can apply only in company's prescribed forms available from our Calcutta Office on payment of Re. One in advance either in cash or by money order. Candidates must be prepared to take training in Calcutta studio if necessary. Mithilasree Pictures'. 12, Pollock Street. Calcutta. (488)

Applications are invited for three posts of Junior clerks in the office of the Director of Fisheries, Bombay. Scale of pay:—Rs. 75-5-140 E.B.-6-200. Graduates and Honours Graduates will start on a higher initial salary of Rs. 85|- and Rs. 95|- p.m. respectively. Deaness allowance of Rs. 35|- p.m. is admissible. Applications in the candidate's own handwriting, stating qualifications, age, domicile and character, should reach the Director of Fisheries, Old Custom House Yard, Bombay, before July 15, 1948. 470

Wanted an experienced Chemist Engineer to design, erect and work a Caffeine extracting plant from Tea Waste. Apply Box No. 473 Bombay Chronicle.

If you want any kind of decent employment in India/Pakistan/ Overseas write (Hasting qualifications and desires) to The Youth Advancement League, G. B. Road, Delhi, with As. 1½ stamp. (9115)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for the New Session just commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (9108)

Appointments by Interview-The B. I.E.T. (India) Ltd. offers a special course on General Intelligence and Viva Voce Training to ensure success in securing administrative posts in Government Departments and Business Firms. The course can be completed in one month by spare time study at home and costs only Rs. 50/- Send cash or write for fuller particulars, Free Dept. G/ 20, B.I.E.T. (India) Ltd., 359 Hornby Road, Bombay. 318

Wanted candidates to become Overseers through correspondence instruction. Apply to the Principal, British India Technical College, (B): Broach. 9083

Get Medical Diploma at Home:- Ayurvedic, Homeopathic, Unani. Prospectus Free. Old Indian Medical College, Barnala (Patiala). 9087

MEDICAL ADLETS

Cobracane for T. B. All forms. Literature on request. Apply Acme Trading Co., Hyderabad-Dn. (8757)

Consult for your health problems Vaidyaratna Ainapure's Ayurvedic Research Institute, Dr. Deshmukh Lane Bombay 4. (9114)

Epilepsy and Hysteria cured for ever—By smelling this wonderful herb when attacked by fits a black worm 1 1/4 long will come out with the sneeze of the patient. The patient will get a miraculous cure of the diseases. Apply Sri 108, Mahatma Ambar Das P. O. Chitrakot, U. P. (9116)

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For sale going concern in prominent locality engineering lines, British agency Apply Box No. 9099 "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Whole Sale Dealers, for Genuine Pure Bee Honey, Bee Wax and cocacoted Chachew Nuts. A delicious speciality. Sterling Agency House, P. O. Box No. 107. Mangalore. (9118)

PUBLIC NOTICES

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY

TENDER NO. Gb-1/Washers/11/48 CONTROLLER OF STORES, O.T. Railway, Gorakhpur invites sealed tenders on the prescribed form for the supply of 1200 gross Galvanised Iron cup shaped Grip Lock Washers, 16 S.W.G. thickness, 9/16" hole, Tender forms can be had from Controller of Stores, O.T. Railway, Gorakhpur on payment in cash or by money order (not refundable) of rupees three per set. The above tender number must be quoted in the relative money order. Tenders must reach the office of Controller of Stores before 13th August 1948 on which date no tender will be sold. These will be opened the next day at 3 P.M.

CONTROLLER OF STORES. (494)

INDIAN TEA LICENSING COMMITTEE FORT COCHIN.

OFFERS ARE INVITED from firms or individuals who are desirous of occupying a portion of the building known as "Old Post Office Building" situated at Fort Cochin. Well suited for offices. For particulars apply to the undersigned.

P. V. GOVINDAN
Joint Controller.

Fort, Cochin.
29th June 1948. (499)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S & T. COMMITTEE

SEALED TENDERS for the disposal of 70 New Electric Horns 12 Volts Lucas Type 746 and equivalent, will be received by the Chief Store-keeper up to noon on Monday the 19th July 1948.

Tender Forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, on personal application. (492)

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of various used articles from The India United Mills Ltd. No. 1 Mill, No. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill and No. 5 Mill and Dye works and be received up to 16-7-48 at the registered office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from this office. (489)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai KHAITIJABAI, widow of Haji Ismail Joosab has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person claiming any interest in to or upon the said property is requested to make it known to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof failing which the sale will be completed and the claims, if any, shall be deemed to have been waived.

Description of the property.

All that piece of land of Pension and Tax Tenure, admeasuring 1459 square yards or thereabouts situate at Cadell Road in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bearing Collector's current Rent Roll No. 951 New No. 3919, Cadastral Survey No. 508 of Mahim Division together with the building and structures standing thereon and assessed under G Ward Nos. 4834 (2), 4834 (2a), 4834 (2b), 4834 (3) and Street Nos. 195C, 195D, 195E and 195F and bounded as follows:— that is on the East by property being C. S. No. 509 of the said Division and belonging to Kashinath Mukund Kini, on the West by the property bearing C.S. No. 2|508 of the said Division and belonging to Dr. Tribhuwandas Chaturbhuj Merchant and his wife Damayantibai, on the North by Lady Hardinge Road and on the South by the property bearing C.S. No. 1|508 belonging to Hargiwandas Jamnadas Ramji and another.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1948.

DIVEKAR & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
14, Hamam Street, Fort.
Bombay. (493)

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Vertical Boilers 100 lbs. new 3, 6, 8, 10 12 N. H. P., Vertical Steam Engines, 12, 15, 40., B.H.P. Steam Donkey Pumps; Steam Reducing Valves, Injectors, Pickering Governor, Steam Traps, etc. from Stock. Dinshaw & Co. 105 Apollo St. Bombay. 355D

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived. Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble, Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. 6778

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For Sale Refrigerator in good working order (4c ft.). On view at Brian and Alan opposite Paradise Talkies, Mahim. Price Rs. 750. (9113)

For sale one 133 line circular screen 19½" size without holder brand, new maker F. E. Brown & Co., Ltd. England. Interested offset printers please contact Culab Chand Kapur & Sons, Garstin Bastion Road, Delhi. (9119)

PUBLIC NOTICES

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & SUPPLY
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES.

APPLICATIONS are being received in large numbers in this office for licences to export different items falling under Part C of the schedule to the Export Trade Control Notification. The export of tnese items, most of which are in short supply, can be allowed only in limited quantities. It has therefore, been decided to advertise for application for licence to export the following materials to all permissible destinations including Pakistan:—

(1) Manufactures of Iron & Steel such as C.I. Pans, G.I. Buckets and Hardware including small tools.

(2) Manufactures of Aluminium, Brass and Copper.

(3) Wood preservatives (Coal Tar and Creosote) and their mixtures.

Applications in the form attached should be received in this office on or before the 10th of each month in the form annexed. All applications received by the due date will be considered together and allotment made taking the supply position of the materials into consideration giving preference to manufacturers and applicants who have been in the business before. Late applications will not be considered under any circumstances.

(Sd.) J. C. GHOSH
Director General, Industries and Supplies.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR THE EXPORT OF CONTROLLED ARTICLES.

1. Name of the applicant.
2. Address.
3. Description of the articles desired to be exported:—(a) Name of store, (b) whether indigenous or imported, (c) If imported name of country of origin, and (d) whether made of scrap or virgin metal.
4. Quantity applied for (a) Numbers, (b) Weight, (c) Value.
5. Destination to which export is desired and name and address of the consignee.
6. Whether any confirmed sale has been effected in respect of quantities applied for; if so evidence should be produced.
7. Whether any letter of credit has been opened for the consignment; if so, evidence should be produced.
8. If the applicant is a manufacturer, evidence of production during the last calendar year in terms of tne quantities mentioned against item 4, duly certified by the appropriate Provincial Government authority, should be produced, and source of supply of raw materials.
9. Is the applicant a public Co., a private Co., a partnership or an individual Firm.
10. Names of Proprietors|Partners| Directors.
11. Year and Date of establishment of the Company|Partnership|firm.
12. State whether the applicant has branches at other ports, if so, details including addresses and also whether these Branches concerns have also applied for quotas for the commodity now applied for, should be given.
13. State whether the applicant has any business or offices in foreign countries; if so, their details. Also state whether the head office of the firm is located and in which country the firm was incorporated.
14. Main business of the applicant. (Full details of items at present interested in should be given). The previous export figure of the commodity now applied for.
15. State the names of the countries, if any, with which the concern has trade relations and also the names of the commodities and the extent of business.
    (1) As exporter:
    (2) as importer:
16. Bankers.
17. Income-tax last paid or assessed (Amount-Year-Place)
18. Whether the applicant is an established quota holder of any commodities; if so, the names of the commodities, the quantities and destination (so concerned should be given)
19. Whether the applicant has ever exported in the past the goods for which he is applying now; if so, when and for how much.
20. Whether any person or persons mentioned in item 10 above has or have any connection with any other firm applying for export licence; if so, state the name or names of the firms|partners|directors' names, and commodities and destinations, for which applications have been submitted by them.
21. Whether anyone connected with the applicant's firm is an employee of any other firm which is an established export quota holder or is applying for a quota now.
22. Whether the applicant is a member of any recognised Chamber of Commerce or Trade Association. If so, particulars should be given.
23. State in which of the following capacities is the applicant doing business:
    Exporter
    Importer
    Wholesaler
    Commission Agent
    Indentor
    Managing Agents

I declare that what has been stated above is correct.

SIGNATURE.

No.
Date

N.B.—
(1) If the application is incomplete or defective in any respect, it is liable to be rejected summarily.
(2) Applicants supplying false or incorrect information will be debarred from receiving quotas in future.
(3) In the case of coal tar, please state the name of the original producers from whom the article has been secured originally and whether it is in stock with the applicant.
(4) Separate applications shoud be submitted for each category of stores.
(5) Submission of application does not automatically entitle the applicant for grant of export licence.
(6) Government will not take cognizance of previous commitments of applicants with consignees. Each case will be considered on its merits. (459)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

POSTS IN THE BOMBAY FOREST SERVICE CLASSES I AND II

SEPARATE applications are invited BEFORE 14-8-1948 from persons who are domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan, for the following posts in the Bombay Forest Service—

(1) FOREST BOTANIST in the B. F. S. Class I.
(2) FOREST CHEMIST in the B. F. S. Class II.
(3) FOREST STATISTICIAN in the B. F. S. Class II.
(4) FOREST OFFICER FOR GRASS LAND AND GRAZING RESEARCH in the B.F.S. Class II.

AGE: Ordinarily not more than 30 years on 1-11-1948, relaxable in the case of exceptionally qualified candidates. PAY:— FOR FOREST BOTANIST: Rs. 300-900 PLUS cost of living allowance. FOR THE POSTS OF FOREST CHEMIST FOREST STATISTICIAN AND FOREST OFFICER FOR GRASS LAND AND GRAZING RESEARCH: Rs. 200-500 PLUS cost of living allowance. QUALIFICATIONS: FOR FOREST BOTANIST (a) Master's degree in Botany, preferably 1st class, with special training in taxonomy, and/or Plant physiology, genetics and allied subjects, and (b) Post-graduate training in Botany. Practical experience in the field and in plastics fats and oils. FOR FOREST CHEMISTS:— (a) 1st class degree in Organic Chemistry and (b) Post-graduate training in any branch of organic chemistry particularly, tans, drugs, adhesives, plastics, fats and oils. FOR FOREST STATISTICIAN:—(a) 1st class or 2nd class degree in Statistics of the University of Calcutta, Mysore or other Indian University or 1st or 2nd class degree in Mathematics, physics, commerce or Economics WITH a regular diploma or certificate of merit in Statistics from the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta, or from the training classes conducted by the Statistical Adviser to the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi and (b) Practical experience of using modern statistical technique. FOR FOREST OFFICER FOR GRASS LAND AND GRAZING RESEARCH:— degree in Agriculture with special training in Botany or a degree in Science with Botany as Principal subject or a recognized degree or diploma in Forestry, with special distinction in Botany. Experience in Grazing and Grass Land Research preferred. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission," Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. (490)

M. & S. M. RAILWAY

I. THE CHIEF ENGINEER invites sealed tenders for "SUPPLY OF 1 1/2" HARD GRANITE STONE METAL FOR WORKS AT VASCODAGAMA."

II. Tenders should be submitted in the prescribed form which can be obtained on application to the Chief Engineer, M & S M Ry., Madras, on payment of Rs. 10/- each which will not be refundable.

III. Tenders should be superscribed "SUPPLY OF STONE METAL — MORMUGAO DISTRICT" and sent so as to reach the Chief Engineer, M & S M Railway, Madras, not later than 12 hours on THURSDAY, the 15th July, 1948. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/-. (480)

SASSOON HOSPITALS, POONA

APPLICATIONS are invited from Lady Candidates above 18 years of age, domiciled in the Province of Bombay, with educational qualifications above IV Standard English for training in Nursing (Full Course). Please ask for an application form, enclosing a self addressed and stamped envelope (1 1/2 anna) from the Civil Surgeon, Poona before 1st August 1948.

CIVIL SURGEON, POONA
404

PUBLIC NOTICES

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

THE ATTENTION of qualified candidates is drawn to the University Notifications recently published in the Bombay Government Gazette, inviting applications for the following University Fellowship, Scholarships, Research Studentships and Grants to be awarded during the current academic year (1948-49).

1. (a) The Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Technical Scholarships (two) and
   (b) The Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Travelling Fellowship.
   (a) The Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Technical Scholarships are of the annual value of Rs. 2,000- each, tenable for a period of THREE YEARS IN ENGLAND for the study of a branch of technical education, and open to all HINDU GRADUATES of the University of Bombay irrespective of standing.
   (b) The Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai Travelling Fellowship is of the annual value of Rs. 700- tenable for a period of THREE YEARS IN EUROPE and is open to HINDU GRADUATES of this University of not more than five years' standing.
2. THE SIR CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM AND BAI KHANOOBAI NOORMAHOMED JAIRAZBHOY PEERBHOY SCHOLARSHIPS (THREE)

The Scholarships are of the annual value of Rs. 3,600- each tenable for a period of THREE YEAPS and are awarded for higher studies abroad. The competition is open to MUSLIM GRADUATES of the University of Bombay of not more than seven years' standing who are born or domiciled within the Bombay Presidency. The amounts paid to these scholars are in the form of an advance repayable with or without interest as the Syndicate may in each case determine. Scholars will be required to enter into an agreement with the Syndicate providing for the courses of studies which they propose to enter upon, the regular payment of the insurance premia, and the repayment of loan.

3. Applications are also invited for Research Studentships, Research and Publication Grants and the Dadoba Pandurang Turkhadkar Prize.
4. An announcement regarding the award of the Eduljee Dinshaw Scholarships will be made later.
5. The Registrar will be glad to supply qualified candidates on request, written or oral, with the required forms of application and copies of the relevant rules and regulations. The last date of receiving applications for the Fellowship and all Scholarships and Grants is 31st July, 1948. The last date of receiving applications for Research Studentships is the 31st August, 1948 and that for the Dadoba Pandurang Turkhadkar Prize is the 27th September, 1948.

S. R. DONGERKERY.
University Registrar.
Bombay, 30th June, 1948. (500)

TENDER NOTICE

THE UNDERSIGNED invites tenders before 20th July, 1948, for the purchase and removal of a number of empty Wooden Cases of different sizes lying at the Government Grain Godown at DeLisle Road, Lower Parel, Bombay. Tender forms can be had during working hours from the undersigned who is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

M. B. SALVI,
Controller of Government Grain Shops.
New India Assurance Building, Fort, Bombay. 454

...G.I.P. RAILWAY-TENDERS...

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, invites Tenders for the supply of Bonds, Track joint solid head for 100 lbs. rails, to Drg. No. ET/RB. 12. Tender form together with drawing obtainable from the Controller of Stores G.I.P Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay. 13 at Rs. 2/8/- per set, not refundable. Money order or Cash only. Closing date Tuesday, the 27th July 1948 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). 427

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC AUCTION

5 MOTOR CARS, 2 Jeeps, 1 Lorry, 58 Horses, 12 Ekkas, 2 Victorias, 5 Fetins, 5 Sigrams, 1 Zula Gadi, Tents, Bullocks, Bullock-carts, accoutrements, etc. belonging to the Riyasat, Topkhana and Public Works Departments of the Palanpur State are to be disposed of by Public Auction. The public auction will be held at Palanpur on Saturday the 10th July, 1948, at 8-0 a.m. at the Riyasat Office in the presence of the undersigned. Those who desire to purchase any of the things specified above should remain present on Saturday the 10th July, 1948, at 8 a.m. at the Riyasat Office.

The terms of the auction will be read out before the auction takes place.

Those who want to see the Motor Cars, Horses, Tents, etc. personally before the date of auction, can do so in consultation with the Riyasat Officer, Palanpur State, on any working day prior to 10-7-48.

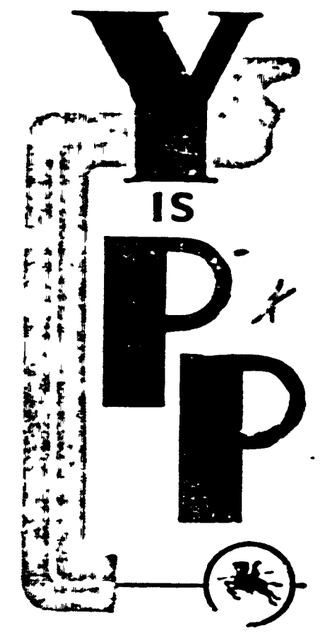
V. V. SOLANKI.
Administrator,
Palanpur State.
Palanpur, 28-6-1948. 456

PEACE

PEACE IS COMING, but it will be of no help to you, unless you get inner peace. When this inner peace comes to all people, it will result in world peace. This inner peace is a gift of the Lord Jesus Christ. He says, "My peace I give unto you. Not as the world giveth, give I unto you"

He shows (in the New Testament, St. John's Gospel Chapter 14) how this peace may be attained. A copy of the New Testament, in any language, may be had from the INDIA BIBLE SOCIETY, 12, Thornhill Road, Allahabad.

B. T. B.



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Hair well-groomed.. Head refreshed... with

Vaseline HAIR TONIC
For Women as well as Men

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & SUPPLY
Office Of The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate. Bombay.
AUCTION PROGRAMME FOR THE MONTH OF JULY, 1948.

Sl. No.	Date of Auction.	Time.	Place of Auction.	Stores to be Auctioned.	Auctioneers.
2.	12-7-1948.	10 A.M. to 1 P.M	H.M.I. Dockyard, Bombay.	Motor Launches (3)	M S. Crawford & Co., 132, Apollo St. Fort, Bombay
3.	-do-	2-30 to 5 P.M.	Sassoon Docks, Colaba Bombay.	Motor Boat (1)	-do-
4.	13-7-1948.	10 A.M. to 1 P.M	Madh Island, Bombay.	Slug Boats (2) Sailing Boats (2) Canoes (2)	-do-
5.	-do-	3 P.M. to 5 P.M	R.I.N. Depot, Vikhroli, (Bombay Suburb).	Lamp fittings, Torches, Lamp shades, Convoy Light fittings etc.,	M s. Gandhi & Co., 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
6.	14-7-1948.	10-30 A.M. to 1 P.M.	Central Provision Depot, Dehu.	Troughs Canvas 350 galls.	M s. Shankar Ramchandra & Bros., 128, Main St. Poona.
7.	-do-	2-30 P.M. to 5 P.M.	E.S.D. Dehu Road.	Posts 2-1,2 ft. and Haversacks. Clamps Screen Angular C. type 4-1,2" and Caps C.I. Threaded suitable for 2" C. I. Pipes.	-do-
8.	-do-	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	B.B.J., Frere Basin, Bombay.	Sheds and Building Structures.	M s. Crawford & Co.,
9.	16-7-1948.	10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	D.G. I&S, Depot, Sewri, Bombay.	Ships Cooking Ranges.	M s. Gandhi & Co.,
10.	-do-	2-30 P.M. to 5 P.M.	Maneckji Petit Mills, Tardeo Bombay.	Wooden Bins. 30 Nos.	-do-
11.	19-7-1948.	10 A.M. to 5 P.M	R.I.N. Stores Depot, Mankhurd.	Oil Dag (Colloidal Graphaite in oil in 30 ozs. tins). Misc. and Textile Stores.	M s. Crawford & Co.,
12.	21-22-23-7-1948.	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Returned Stores Sub Depot, Ghorpuri.	Misc. Salvage Stores.	M|s. Gurdit Singh Beant Singh, Nana Peth, Poona.
13.	27|28-7-1948.	10 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Salvage Sub Depot, Haji Bunder, Bombay.	Misc. Salvage Stores and M.T. Vehicles.	M's. Gandhi & Co.,
14.	30-7-1948.	10-30 A.M. to 1 P.M.	G.I.P. Rly, Workshop, Matunga, Bombay.	Chains M.S.	M|s. Crawford & Co.,
15.	-do-	2 P.M. to 5 P.M.	F|S Yard, Maude Lines, Colaba, Bombay.	Hooks, Rivets, Hammers, Shovels etc.,	-do-

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JODHPUR RAILWAY LINES IN SIND

Pakistan Government To Take Over On August 1

KARACHI, July 3 (API): An agreement between the representatives of the Pakistan Railways and the Jodhpur State Railway on the transfer of 318 miles of railway lines in Sind, belonging to the Jodhpur Railway to the Pakistan Government has been reached, it was reliably learned here today.

The talks between the representatives of Pakistan's Railways and the Jodhpur Darbar Railway were held at Jodhpur on July 1 and 2.

According to the agreement the Pakistan Government will buy the 318 miles of railway lines of Jodhpur State for about Rs. 50 lakhs, it was learned.

The Pakistan Government is likely to take over these lines with effect from August 1, 1948.

DE-REQUISITIONING OF JUTE MILLS

Dr. Mukherji's Assurance To W. Bengal Labour Minister

NEW DELHI, July 3 (UPI): Mr. Kalipada Mukherjee, Labour Minister, West Bengal Government, met Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, last night.

It is learnt that Mr. Kalipada Mukherjee discussed with Dr. S. P. Mookerjee the need for de-requisitioning of seven jute mills which were requisitioned by the Bengal Government previously. As a result of this requisitioning the workers in those mills were made to work multiple shifts because of which they were suffering considerable hardship and the workers unions made several representations to the West Bengal Government to move the Central Government for early de-requisitioning of these mills in order to mitigate their grievances.

Dr. Mookherjee is understood to have assured the Bengal Minister to look into the matter.

NAGPUR, July 4. (U. P. I.): Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, the Food Minister of India, is arriving here on Monday, July 5, on a brief tour of the province.

He will inaugurate the Provincial Compost Conference and Central Manure Development Committee meeting tomorrow in the afternoon. He will leave for Amraoti on Tuesday.

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GILL TYPE ECONOMISERS
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Boilers in stock subject to prior sale.

(1)

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LATIKA, GOPE, K. N. SINGH
Also Showing PARIVARTAN

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SHAMIM — MRIDULLA
5TH WEEK!

OPERA HOUSE

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
Matinee: Sun. 12-45 p.m.

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SHAHNAZ

Wahab Production Picture
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CAPITOL

4, 6-45 & 9-30 p. m.

PANAMA Release
BOOK IN ADVANCE

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 14, 2004
Muslim Sabaan 27, 1367
Parsi: Behman 6, 1317
Sunrise 6-06 a.m., Sunset 19-20 p.m.
Hightide 11-14, 22-35 Lowtide 04-10, 17-03.

CORPORATION MEETING:— To-day (Monday) at 3 p.m. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

AT YOU TODAY: Mr. Romesh Thappar will speak on "Freedom of the Press" at Youths' Own Union—today (Monday) at Cama (Library) Hall 6-15 p.m.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: To-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. at Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines. Dasturji Framroze Bode will deliver a lecture on "How doubts and difficulties in life can be removed through the knowledge of Zarathushtrianism"

GREAVES COTTON AND ALLIED COMPANIES' EMPLOYEES' UNION: At the Annual General Meeting of the Union held on 29th June the following Office-bearers for the current year were elected:—

President—Sjt. K. T. Sule, Vice-Presidents—Sjt D A Patkar and Sjt. Y. D. Bole. Joint Secretaries—Sjt N. S. Honnemadi, and Sjt. T N Ram Rao Treasurer Sjt. J. M. Bedekar.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE, BOMBAY: The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class commences on 7th July and will run well into September. Those who are desirous of joining the class are advised to enrol themselves without delay. Enquiries should be made at the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon.

BOMBAY LEGAL AID SOCIETY: The Hon. Secretary writes:—

At a meeting of the Bombay Advocates Association Presidency Small Causes Court, Bombay, held on 25th June the following resolution was passed: —

"As all members agreed that the work (of free legal aid to the poor) should be taken by the Association the Council (of the Association) should form (appoint) a Committee to arrange for legal aid to poor persons in the Small Causes Court".

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS: The list of office-bearers and members of the Council for the session 1948-49 is as under:— President: Mr. S. S. Reuben, Vice-President: Mr V M Patker, Jt Hon. Secretaries: Mr. J. B Fernandes, Mr. A R Parpia, Hon. Treasurer: Mr. S. J. Narwekar.

Members of the Council:—Mr. D. R. Chowdhari, Mr. H. N. Dallas, Mr W J deLima, Mr P. J. Khambata, Mr. B D Mhatre, Mr. K. A Parelkar Mr. L. V. Sathe.

BHAGINI SAMAJ SANGIT VIDYALAYA. is conducting vocal, instrumental and dancing classes (Manipuri and Bharatnatyam). The course is for 3 years. Time is Monday to Friday from 4 p.m. to 6 pm. On Saturdays from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m The place is:— Bhagini Samaj Bal Mandir, Simla House, Mathew Road Behind Opera House Cinema. Enquiry time:— From 12 p.m. to 2 pm. daily (except Sundays)

Enquiry Into Shooting Of Sweeper Woman Demanded

Mr. M. R. Dandavate, Secretary of the Socialist Party says in course of statement:— The Police firing on the Municipal sweepers on strike on 1st July, 1948, as a result of which one old woman was killed and three others were injured is most deplorable. The Government version of the incident given in the Press Note is not at all convincing. The incident needs an independent investigation and the Socialist Party demands, that an independent judicial inquiry should be held.

Killed By Gharry

BOMBAY, Sunday: Aziz Abdulkaddar was knocked down by a gharry yesterday afternoon while he was walking along Phalton Road. He died immediately.

Poona Garden Competitions And Flower Show

Under the auspices of the Agri-Horticultural Society of Western India, the season's competitions will be held about the 15th September 1948. Particulars of this competitions and flower show can be obtained from the Superintendent, Empress Botanical Gardens, Poona 1.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, July 5.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. D. Y. Kelkar 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 D. Y. Kelkar 8-45 Saraswati Rane 12-0 p.m. Bahnon Ke Liye 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Preet Gan 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Harry Horlick and His Orchestra 2-0 Richard Crooks (Tenor) 2-15 Military Bands 4-20 School Broadcast Science: Talk in English by Prof. R. S. Gaitonde. Geography: Talk in English by D. D. Despande 5-0 Indirabai Bhide 5-15 Vimal Wakde (Vocal Music) 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Mirani 6-30 Laxman Prasad Chaube 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Vimal Wakde 7-30 Am Vergamate Tran Jarooriyato-Ratrishala 7-45 Rampyari 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Musical Round-up 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Books on My Shelf 10-0 Khayal: Shudh Nat 10-15 Saraswati Rane.

VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

7-40 a.m. Goda Gani 5-45 p.m. Indirabai Bhide 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)

7145 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Amritlal Navsariwala 8-15 Mirani 9-0 Laxman Prasad Chaude 10-0 Beniamino Gigli (Tenor) 10-15 Melody Trio.

A. I. R. BOMBAY: Sri M. B. Vora, will Broadcast on the All-India Radio, today (Monday), at 7 p.m. on Labour and Unemployment.

WORLD CO-OPERATIVE CONGRESS

Professor KAJI'S visit to Europe

Dewan Bahadur Professor H. L. KAJI the veteran Co-operator is proceeding to Europe shortly on the invitation of the International Co-operative Congress, its various Auxiliary Conferences and also to lecture at the International Co-operative School to be held at Prague in September 1948. He will also visit important centres of co-operative activity in England and the European countries, particularly with reference to Co-operative Marketing and Consumers' Co-operation.

Professor KAJI is the President of the All India Co-operative Institutes' Association as also of the Indian Provincial Co-operative Banks' Association. He is the pioneer of Co-operative Insurance and is keenly interested in Co-operative Marketing. As President of All India Co-operative Conferences he has had much to do with the shaping of co-operative ideology and practice in recent years.

CITRIC ACID FERMENTATION

NEW DELHI (By Mail): An exhaustive investigation into the capacity of 13 indigenous strains of the mold ('Aspergillus niger' to produce citric acid has been completed at the University Biochemical Laboratory, Madras, under a scheme of research sponsored by the 'Council of Scientific and Industrial Research.' The results of the investigation are published in a research paper appearing in the March 1948 issue of the 'Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research.'

Five important strains have been after careful selective trials, tested for their citric acid producing capacity. The fermenting medium employed consists of glucose syrup and salts (Ammonium sulphate, Magnesium sulphate and Potassium dihydrogen phosphate). Glucose has been found to be the ideal medium and is employed with a view to utilize the glucose syrup obtained from starch industry.

Of the five strains, one particular strain has shown outstanding ability to produce citric and in the complete absence of oxalic acid. The strain is characterised by its gigantic spores (11 u, normal 4-6 u), and spore heads (300 u, normal 70-175 u). A 78 per cent conversion of glucose to citric acid has been achieved.

AROMATIC PLANTS OF INDIA

The members belonging to the commercially important family 'Rutaceae' (Citrus family) are described in the Supplement issued along with the May issue of the 'Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research.' Many of the members yield essential oils such as the bergomat, lemon, orange, neroli, petitgrain, lime, rue, buchu, boromia, skimia, jaborandi, etc., which are of great commercial importance. Citrus is the important genius of the family, yielding a variety of fruits such as orange, Lemon, sweet lime, grapefruit, etc., Bitters from the bark of plants are employed widely as flavouring agents in beverages. Plants finding application in medicine are: Jaborandi, Buchu, Rue, Skimmia, Zanthozylum alatum, Toddalia asiatica.

Apart from essential oils several members of this family yield alkaloids such as pilocarpine, skimmianine, arborine, lunasine, dictamine, evodiamine, rutacarpine; saponins; glycosides; and bitter principles.

Bhilawanol the active constituent of the marking nut, 'Semicarpus anacardium' Linn finds application in the treatment of eczema, leprosy and other skin diseases. It is vesicating and toxic and is unsouble in water. Water soluble organometallic derivatives of the active constituent, suitable for pharmacological study and and therapeutic-application have been obtained as a result of investigations conducted in chemical laboratories of the Council of Scientific and industrial Research, Delhi. The methods of preparation of pulphonated and arsenical derivatives of Bhilawanol are described in an other article appearing in the May issue. Preliminary tests carried out with these derivatives showed that these compounds are toxic to several bacteria viz., 'B. pyogenes B. Coli, Staphylococcus' and 'Streptococcus pneumaticus' in dilutions of 1 in 15,000.

AHMEDABAD BAN ON SMOKING IN CINEMAS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 3.

Smokers are not now in paradise when visiting cinema shows and several cinema visitors last night were caught red handed by the police while smoking in cinemas. Recently the attention of the public was drawn to an order of the District Mamigstrate banning smoking in cinemas. The police last night raided all cinemas and caught many persons were smoking and proceedings were taken against them.

SIX REFUGEES ARRESTED

Six refugees who are alleged to have taken illegal possession of rooms in Bhagubhai's Vanda yesterday were arrested today by the police and three of them were released on bail.

WEATHER

Widespread Rainfall In Malabar

POONA, July 4 (API): The following is the weather summary for Sunday, July 4, 1948:

Rainfall has been widespread along and near the foot of the eastern Himalayas and in Malabar and the South Konkan. There have also been showers in Gangetic West Bengal, eastern Pakistan and a few showers in Chota Nagpur, Orissa, the East Central Provinces, the plains of the United Provinces, the East Punjab Hills and Hyderabad. Day temperatures were markedly above normal over the region from the North-West Frontier Province to Central India.

FORECAST until the 5th evening. Rainfall will be widespread in Assam, sub-Himalayan Bengal, along the Chittagong Coast, in the south Konkan and Malabar and local in Gangetic West Bengal, Bihar and Eastern Pakistan, outside Chittagong Coast. A few showers are also likely in Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, the south-east Punjab, the central parts of the country the north Konkan, the Deccan, Mysore and the Madras Presidency outside Malabar. Scattered dust-storms are possible in Rajputana. Dust-raising winds are likely locally along the North-West Frontier.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam, sub-Himalayan Bengal and along the Chittagong coast during the next 24 hours.

Weather Chart

POONA, July 4 (API): The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours. (IST) on 4th July 1948:

Ahmedabad 101 82 0 0.4 minus 4.7 Allahabad 92 82 0 2.0 minus 4.6 Bangalore 84 66 0.1 5.3 plus 2.0 Baroda 99 81 0 1.1 Belgaum 82 70 0 0 11.8 minus 2.1 Bhopal 87 76 0 10.5 plus 2.2 Bhuj 93 82 0 0 minus 1.8 BOMBAY 90 80 T 9.7 minus 12.8 Calcutta 92 83 0.2 13.0 minus 0.3 Cochin 81 75 1.3 45,7 plus 13. 5 Colombo 85 78 0.1 11.3 plus 2.5 Cuttack 90 81 0 7.2 minus 4.5 Dehra Dun 94 75 0.9 5.3 minus 5.7 Delhi 108 82 0.1 0.6 minus 3.4 Hyderabad (Dn.) 93 77 T 2.7 minus 2.3 Indore 89 75 0 10.3 plus 2.1 Jaipur 103 85 0 0.5 minus 2.7 Lucknow 94 77 0 2.7 minus 3.1 Madras 102 80 T 0.7 minus 1.6 Mahabaleshwar 68 63 0.1 32.5 minus 20.5 Mussoorie 71 64 0 2.6 minus 8.3 Mysore 86 68 T 3.8 plus 1.2 Nagpur 87 78 0 3.8 3.5 minus 6.9 Pachmarhi 74 69 0.1 14.7 plus 3.0 Patna 87 75 0.7 3.8 minus 4.7 Poona 87 74 0 7.4 plus 2.3 Rajkot 98 80 0 1.7 minus 3.4 Ranchi 86 74 0.1 9.1 minus 1.5 Shillong 75 66 0.2 27.0 plus 7.6 Srinagar 93 63 0 2.3 plus 0.8

Prime Minister's National Relief Fund

NEW DELHI, July 1.

Among outstanding contributions received for the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund is one for a sum of Rs. 33,014/15 from the Indian community in Nyasaland.

The Fund is a central relief fund for any type of emergency relief of distress, and at the present time will be specially used for the relief and rehabilitation of refugees from Pakistan.

Here is the fifth list of donors:—

Brought Forward Rs. 11,16,347-9-1, Shri L. N. Sinha, Leeds (England) Rs. 1619-9, The Organiser, Margherita Refugee Fund, Margherita (Assam) Rs. 665-8, Staff of Income Tax Office, Sitapur Rs. 21-8, The Staff of the Entomology Branch of Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun Rs. 60, Office of the Shipping Control Calcutta, Port Commissioner, Calcutta Rs. 4, The Station Communication Officer, Bangalore Rs. 66, Shri V. L. Sepre, Bombay Rs. 10, Messrs. Subramany & Co., Tuticorin Rs. 100; Shipping Master, Officers & Staff, Bombay Rs. 166; Shri K. C. Sen, Bangalore Rs. 397, District Board Office, Kheri Rs. 101, Mr. W. I. S. Huffton, North Malabar Rs. 5, Pt. P. N. Mubayi, Bombay Rs. 100, The Curator, Archaeological Museum, Sarnath, Benares Rs. 49, Shri H. C. Bahri, Cawnpore Rs. 43, Office of the Aerodrome Officer, Madras Rs. 182, Officers & Staff at Madras, Government of India Rs. 231-8, Staff of the Office of the Chairman, Trade Testing Panel, Madras Rs. 34, Staff of Government Telegraph Office, Muzaffarpur Rs. 47-5, Shri Dipendranath Bose, Calcutta Rs. 5, Shri A. D. Saha, Calcutta Rs. 5, Staff of Ministry of Transport, Government of India, Calcutta Rs. 163, Sjt. Bhaagwanti, Amritsar Rs. 5, Mr. R. R. Pandit, Raipur Rs. 10, Shri S. N. Verma, Railway Power House, Ajmer Rs. 21, Shri B. N. Dash, Khandesahi, Cuttack Rs. 19, The President, Students Union Agricultural Institute, Allahabad Rs. 100, The Secretary, Lodge Salem No. 3400 E. C., Salem Rs. 100, Anonymous Rs. 2,500, Salisbury (S. Rhodesia) Hindoos Rs. 6,097-10, The Secretary, Rotary Club of Calcutta, Calcutta Rs. 1,079-4, The O/C, Central Ordnance Depot, Delhi Cantt. Rs. 12,000, Staff of the Hydrogen Factory, Agra Cantt. Rs. 66-8, Staff of Directorate of Ministry of Commerce, Bombay Rs. 146, Staff of the Deputy Accountant General (Industry & Supply), Bombay Rs. 427-7, The Chief Accounts Officer, Bombay Rs. 130, The Station Communication Officer, H. A. L. Airport, Bangalore Rs. 37, Shree Krishna Behari Basu, Village Barsat Rs. 1,001, Staff of Central Electrical Engineer's Office, Division No. 1, Calcutta Rs. 81-12, Shri P. R. Nangia, Calcutta Rs. 50, Mr. R. W. Greenwood, Light House, Madras Rs. 4, Mr. G. W. Bangera, Madras Rs. 3, Mr. H. E. Howe, Madras Rs. 3, Staff of the Customs House, Madras Rs. 863-8, Staff of the Controller of Communications, Madras Rs. 455-12, Cashier, Customs House, Madras Rs. 122-4, Staff of the Administrative Intelligence Room, New Delhi Rs. 150-12, The Brigadier, Dy. Commander, Ranchi Rs. 161-8, The Brigadier, Dy. Commander, Ranchi Rs. 957-10, The Station Communication Officer, Aeronautical Communication State, Jodhpur Rs. 155, Shri Narsinghdas Ramchandra, P. O. Sukha (Orissa) Rs. 3, Shri B. S. Narayanswami, Poona Rs. 50, Mr. H. Geils, Belgaum Rs. 5, The Brigadier, Dy. Command, Ranchi Rs. 709-6, Mr. M. A. Ansari, Supdt. of Insurance, Simla Rs. 100, Shri K. V. Venkatachalam, Ootacamund Rs. 2, Office of the Command Controller of Mily. Accts., Poona Rs. 380, S. Shital Singh, Cuttack Rs. 20-6, Shri Krishan Kumar Burman, Allahabad Rs. 25, The Officers & Ratings of the Royal Indian Navy (On training in England) Rs. 1,268-5, Shri R. N. Dutt, Jubbulpore Rs. 500, Shri C. B. Badani, Bangalore Rs. 25, Shri G. L. Buni, Ordnance Depot, Shahjahanpur Rs. 10, Fitting Staff, Chitpore Loco, Belgichia, Calcutta Rs. 150, Sjt. Leela Sinha, Motiharj (North Bihar) Rs. 100, Shri S. N. Mustafi, Calcutta Rs. 2, The Hony Secretary, S. A. I. S. Association, Muslim University, Aligarh Rs. 52, Shri Munishwar Singh, Calcutta Rs. 10, Shri I. D. Talwar, Jullundur Cantt. Rs. 5, Shri S. Sinha, Bareilly Rs. 51, The Commandant, Central Ammun. Depot, Pulgaon Rs. 335-14-6, Lady Ezra, Calcutta Rs. 21,000, Shri Sadhu Singh, President, Hindu Union, Kitale Rs. 3,436, The Officer-in-Charge, No. 13 Party (G. B.), Survey of India, Mussoorie Rs. 1,537-4, The Station Master, B. N. Rly., Sambalpur Rs. 42-8, The Labourers of Jeram Padang Estate & Sialang Estate, Bahu, Negri Sembala Federation of Malaya Rs. 124-13, The President, Women Conference, Gwalior Rs. 8,000, Messrs. Mayamal Tarachand, Simla Rs. 101, The Chief Minister, Keonjhar State Rs. 10,000, Sikh-Hindu Welfare Society, Kisumu Rs. 3,750, Indian community at Blantyre (Nyasaland) Rs. 33,014-15, Rajgarh Darbar Rs. 9,336, Shri Kidar Nath, Moradabad Rs. 2,000, Lt. (S) Mehta, R. I. N., HMIS HAMLA Ratings, Bombay Rs. 436-6, Mr. Goolam M. Keshabjee, Pretoria (South Africa) Rs. 137-12. Total Rs. 12,42,795-9-6.

Profit-Sharing Committee's Meetings

NEW DELHI, July 4, (A.P.I.): The members of the Expert Committee on Profit-Sharing between industry and labour, who recently met in New Delhi are meeting again on July 12.

During their previous sittings from June 25 to June 29, the Committee heard the views of the representatives of employers and workers as well as some economists. These views are yet to be examined in full by the Committee, whose recommendations will take shape only after subsequent discussions.

Madras Forges Ahead With Grow-More-Food Drive

NEW DELHI, July 4 (API): Reports for the months of March and April show that encouraging progress has been made in the food production drive in Madras Province.

By Propaganda and demonstrations the ryots were urged to increase the areas under the main food crops—paddy, cholm, ragi and minor millets—by cutting down the area under non-food crops such as groundnut and cotton and by using improved strains of the food crops.

As a result, and area of 1,00,102 acres was sown with improved paddy strains and 240,060 acres with cholam, ragi, cumbu and minor millets during March. The figures for April are: Paddy 1,06,457 acres and millets 1,07,538 acres.

Sweet potato as an alternative source of food during periods of rice shortage was cultivated in 19,886 acres.

FAREWELL TO LADY RAMA RAU

Bombay Mahila Sangh gave a send off to Lady Rama Rao, who is preceding to America, at the Sunita High School Hall on Saturday evening under the presidentship of Mrs. Billimoria. Group Picture was taken on the occasion. Lady Rama Rao (arranged) is in the centre along with others.

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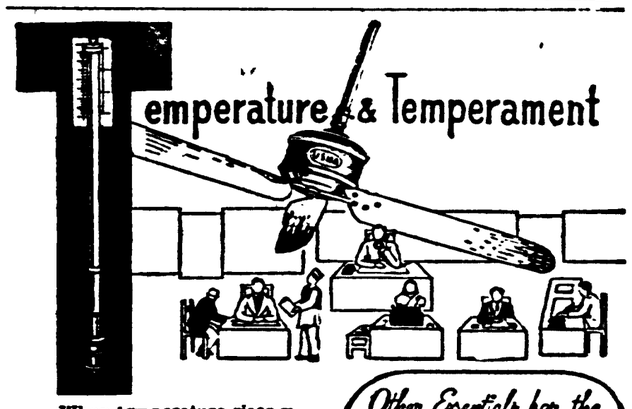

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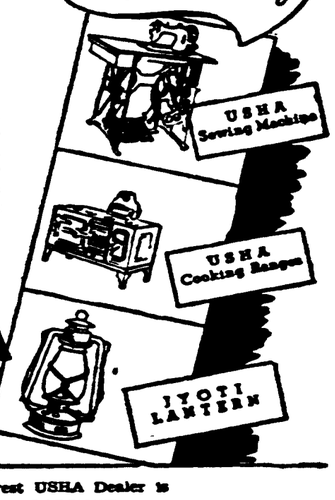

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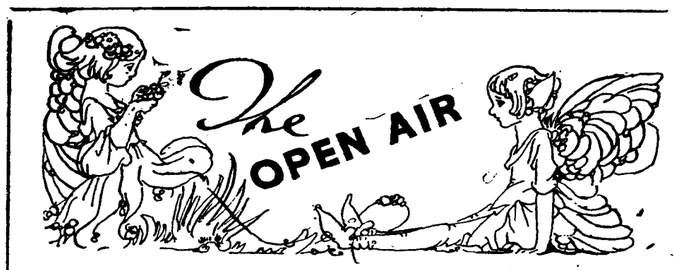

"Tonk-Tonk-Tonk". This sound may be heard monotonously repeated, time after time, on the same note throughout the day, and is surely one of the most familiar sounds in India, particularly in the hot season, and one of the most difficult to locate the source. It is the voice of the Coppersmith, no human artisan but a bird whose voice resembles the noise of a hammer beating regularly on metal. The Coppersmith is a small olive green bird, with stout red beak and red-flecked yellow breast, a stolid little bird little. larger than a sparrow, but with such a loud voice that he is the newsmonger of the bird world.

This morning I caught sight of him sitting on the topmost branch of the Badam tree, almost indistinguishable among its green leaves until I brought my binoculars to bear on him. There he sat turning his head from side to side as he called the morning news. But he seemed to grow restive under my scrutiny, as though conscious that his privacy was invaded, for he suddenly slipped from the branch and flew with swift sharp wing beats to another tree at a little distance where he could continue his news bulletin undisturbed.

D. R.

The Bombay Chronicle

How shall we learn to know ourselves? By reflection? Never; but only through action.

GOETHE.

SCOTCH THE EVIL

Rioting has again broken out in the city, and from all accounts communal rioting. It is a rude shock to learn that the life of the city and the security of the law-abiding citizens continue to be at the mercy of the first frenzied lunatic who indulges in lawlessness. Rioting has started but it need not be the prolonged torture to civic life that it has been in the past. The strong arm of the Government must crack down on the offenders without delay and without mercy.

We have been told that in the past defective law restrained the strength of the Government from being exerted with full effect. The law has been corrected, powers have been taken by the Government to deal with any emergency. It is not only this riot that has to stopped but all future occasions and opportunities for trouble-making.

Immediately, the Government must indicate that it will not permit communal vendettas and that the law will function swiftly and relentlessly. When on the last occasion, the Bombay Government went all out to curb offences against property, all looting ended forthwith. Given a sufficiently firm administration, there is every reason to think that mischief will be slow in spreading. The Bombay Government has armed itself for just this kind of emergency. It must now use the weapon with full vigour, until the disorder is ended.

Once the flame is put out, it is essential that a drive against communalism be undertaken with all speed. This is the fuel on which riots feed and it is useless to stack the fuel and then complain of the size of the fire. A thorough cleansing of public life is called for, and it cannot be delayed much longer. There is a limit to endurance. In the past, there have been special pleadings for tolerating communalism, so long as it does not encroach on political controversies. Just as there are certain industries that can shift almost overnight from peace to war production, communal philanthropy can change into malevolence. Besides, every concession to communalism is a detraction from Nationalism. One need not wait until things become unbearable to appreciate the corroding force of communalism. The work of clearance must start at once and be carried through to its logical end. Unless that is attempted, the city will be subjected to the continuing menace of the goonda.

Settling Down

The defeat of the Socialists in the U.P. by-elections may have been expected but the defeat of men like Acharya Narendra Dev is an eye-opener. The Congress may well feel a sense of satisfaction at the thought that it still carries the public with it. All the criticism which has flooded the country since the Congress took power, seems just part of the fashion of being "agin the governmen". It might mark the disappointment which has been caused by present-day realities being far below past expectations. But this disillusionment is tempered by the faith that more is to be gained by giving the present leaders another chance than by changing them. And this faith is based not, as some sections believe, on blind confidence but on an appreciation of the tremendous problems that have faced and still face the men in office. There is no room for complacency on the part of the Congress in this situation. It suggests that the worst enemies of the Congress can be Congressmen who fail to realise their own responsibilities. A more vigorous outlook is now called for both in the Congress and in the country

The rout of the U.P. Socialists in the first elections in which public controversies were put to the test, ought to mark a new period in our political history, ending the rather careless first days of independence. It is no gain to a province that men of the calibre of Acharya Narendra Dev should be left out of its Assembly. But the Socialists have themselves to blame for this calamity. By bidding for the role of opposition party, they have put before the public the ideal of the party system, and, when parties claim attention, there is no room for individual merit to be sonsidered. What has happend in the U. P. is that the Congress has been preferred to the Socialist Party, and, if a verdict is sought on a larger field, the result will be the same. Therefore, it is desirable that the public mind adjust itself to the one reality of Indian politics, the Congress, and cease to disturb itself over other diversions and distractions. In other words, the public and its leaders might most usefully turn from politics to the many constructive problems that need urgent solution. There will be forces at work to prevent this achievement but there is no reason why the public should be disturbed by them.

Peace Missions To End Lawlessness

The Leftist Unity Plan, popularly called the Thakin Nu Plan, and the alternative Plan by the PVO will have to be submitted to the Supreme Council of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League (AFPFL). But meanwhile, there has been a lot of misunderstanding due to the difference of the two Plans, and another split from the AFPFL might bring in far more undesirable consequence. The journalists, who are remarkably of non-partisan spirit, foresee much trouble ahead. The Socialist-dominated Supreme Council of the AFPFL will most certainly throw out the PVO Plan, and the reaction to it would be considerable. The PVO has many members, who are mostly exguerillas and of a militant temperament might be forced by circumstances to take to undemocratic methods of gaining their ends, although their leaders might do their best to fight constitutionally. Out in the districts there has been much trouble due to the dissention between the PVO and the Socialists. Both are to blame, but what is the use of blaming any when, as the Burmese saying goes, "the fire of the rubbish heap might eventually burn the palace.'

The editors in Rangoon of Burmese, English, Indian and Chinese papers, 29 of them all, met at the headquarters of the Burma Journalists' Association, and discussed the internal problems of Burma with reference to world affairs, and passed three resolutions: (1) To appeal to Government to grant the insurgents an over-all Amnesty, in same way as has been granted by the Phillippine Government to the Huks; (2) To appeal to the Supreme Council of the AFPFL to defer decision on the two Plans and (3) To appeal to the Burmese Buddhist clergy to send out peace missions to all affected areas and restore law and order by religious means.

The editors' appeal was not a cry in the wilderness. The reaction in the political circles was favourable. Several leaders whom the editors' delegation of ten met had promised to see to the acceptance of the suggestions contained in the Editors' Apeal. Thakin Nu had been away till today in the Delta Districts to urge the split up Karen community for unity. At the time of writing this dispatch, the ten-men delegation is discussing matters with the Premier, and it may be officially announced this evening or tomorrow. The prospects are bright, and through the good offices of the editors in Rangoon, it is probable that Burma may rid herself of the undesirable element of insurgence and effect a political unity to enable her to pursue the programme of reconstruction.

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Although the optimists in the city are eagerly awaiting Thakin Nu's statement on the Editors' Appeal, and dreaming of peace and prosperity, yet the people in the districts, especially in the affected areas are finding life equal to that in wartime. Raids, loots arson and murder are still taking much space in local papers, and the question of ending the insurrection is not an easy one.

Our U. P. Letter:

Congress Brings Big Guns On Scene

PANT GOVERNMENT SEES THROUGH U. P. BYE-ELECTIONS IMPARTIALLY

(By Our Special Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, (By Mail).—The bye-elections for fifteen seats in U.P. Legislative Assembly vacated by the Socialists who joined the Congress had assumed the shape of a miniature general election. The Congressmen as well as the Socialists had pooled up all their resources to have a final show down. Shr J. P. Narain, Shri Achyut Patwardhan, Shrimati Aruna Asaf Ali, and Munshi Ahmad Din had toured the constituencies explaining their differences with the Congress High Command.

The Congressmen had forced Pandit Nehru to leave the duties of the State and to come down to Lucknow to deliver an election speech Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel issued a lengthy message from his bed in cosy Dehra Dun. Rashtrapati Babu Rajendra Prasad came out with a statement denouncing the socialists. Shri Shanker Rao Deo flew to Fyzabad the home town of Acharya Narender Deva, just on the eve of the election and asked the people to defeat him if they wanted the soul of Gandhiji to rest in peace.

In this background thousands of men and women marched in fifteen constituencies of the United Provinces to the polling booths to record their votes. It was a sight to see those who occupied the same jail cells in August 1942 standing in different camps and denouncing one another. The patriots were fighting the patriots, and the people were bewildered.

At Fyzabad

It was not without thrills that I made my way to Fyzabad a little known town seventy miles away from Lucknow. Here Acharya Narendra Deva, the veteran Socialist leader, was being opposed by Baba Ragha Das, a Maharashtrian Brahmin Sanyasi whom Congress had adopted as its nominee.

The first place that I visited was the headquarters of the Congress election board. Incidentally the former headquarters of the Congress organisations are at present being occupied by the Socialist party, and the Congressmen ran their election from the palatial residence of the Chairman of the local Municipal Board. Here we met a host of Congress workers from Gorakhpore, Kanpur, Lucknow, and other districts. We were directed to Chauk which was the storm centre.

The Chauk of Fyzabad is a beautiful spot. A squire surrounded by the gates erected by the Nawab rulers of Oudh was real hub of activities. Two loud speakers were blurting out fighting speeches. Both shouted incoherent attacks on one another, while they joined in swearing by the name of Gandhiji.

It was a sight to see the veteran Congressman Balkrishan Sharma at the head of a crowd which continued shouting patriotic slogans. The Socialists kept on dubbing the Congressmen as the agents of Birlas and Dalmias.

While the leaders were busy fighting and attacking one another, the mass of the people were obviously bewildered. They had idolised Acharyaji, all these years and could not follow what all this was about.

In Holy Ayoudhya

We were told that a public meeting was being addressed by Shri Shanker Deva at Ayoudhya. We were naturally anxious to hear this great exponent of Gandhian ideology. We dashed towards the legendary capital of Shri Ramchandra. But by the time we reached there the speech of Dev was finished and in his place was standing Narendra Deva replying to his charges.

Acharya Narendra Deva, though feeble in health appeared to be full of spirit. He in his inimitable way refuted the charges and claimed to be a far better exponent of Gandhiji's ideology than those who "exploited" his revered memory.

Acharya Narender Deva, is one of the oldest and the most respected citizens of Fyzabad. His residence has once been a home for all Congressmen. Its marbled floor rooms have accommodated Pandit Nehru, Pandit Pant and other Congress leaders, whenever they went to Fyzabad.

Having visited Congress headquarters, we paid a visit to him. An embodiment of dignity and culture he was all courtesy with us. A philosopher-politician, he was in a fighting mood. Though he avoided any prediction, he seemed to have no doubt that the citizens of Fyzabad would not let him down.

In his stately drawing room, Acharyaji was surounded by a crowd of youthful faces. Though most of his erstwhile colleagues, like Hon. C. B. Gupta, and Mr. M. L. Gautam told him that they love him but they love Congress more, a number of younger Congressmen who are neither Minister nor members of the Legislature still stick to him. In the crowd of the shabbily dressed Socialist youth were conspicuous the Raja of Harhand, the son of Maharaja of Mahmoodabad, both of whom claim to have broken with feudalism and joined the Socialists.

Revivalism Raises Its Head

Thus both groups composed of patriots and fellow fighters against imperialism were busy preparing for a final show down. However all was not clean about them. It was regrettable that instead of fighting on purely socio-economic planets, at least some of them were busy playing on the superstition of the voters.

I was shown a leaflet published by a Fyzabad press. It was freely distributed among voters by the Congressmen. In it was published a fantasy that was supposed to be a dialogue betwen Gandhiji and Shri Ram Chandra Maharaj. The theme was that Ravana like Acharyaji was also a great scholar but was shown no mercy for his treachery.

It pained many of those who stand for a secular democratic state that huge posters were published on which the pictures of Lord Krishna, Mahatma Gandhi and Sri Ram Chandraji were published appealing in favour of a particular candidate.

The Socialists, had put up huge posters in which they claimed though rightly that Acharya Narendra Deva was the great scholar of Buddhist and Hindu religions. The Congressmen in their handbills pointed out that their nominee Baba Raghava Das was a sanyasi who for years had lived only on leaves and God's own fresh air. Instead of laying stress on his political services they galvanised voters attention on his saintliood and devotion to God.

All this in building up a secular democratic state, was a sham. But the voters were paying the price for the separate electorate. In Muslim constituencies Jinnah won his way for he laid stress on Muslim culture and Muslim religion. The same cries though in more feeble sounds were heard in the General constituency

Impartial Election

It can be said to the credit of Pant Government, that the elections were run as impartially as was possible under the existing circumstances. The officials were strictly instructed by the Premier to keep neutral. And they dared not defy him.

Sri Jagan Prasad Rawat, Premier's Parliamentary Secretary was on the spot to see that the orders of his chief were carried out. Though he was assisting Shri Bal Krishna Sharma in conducting the Congress campaign he refrained from utilising his official position for Congress gains.

At one of the polling stations volunteers of Prantiya Rakshadial were seen parading and shouting slogans. They would have done better, had they come there without uniform and not in formation.

One of the main features of the election was that a large number of women workers were seen in both camps assisting the voters. Shrimati Taravati Agarwal of Kanpur led the Congress women, while Shrimati Asha Ramnarain Tripathy commanded the Socialist workers.

At some occasion they were about to come to grips but the wiser counsels prevailed and the day concluded only with verbal fights.

The Result

It will be dangerous to predict the results. But it can safely be said that in Fyzabad Acharyaji had a comfortable majority. But the Ayoudhiya Nivasi led by the powerful Mahants stood by the Congress.

However the final result will depend on the voting in Bharaich and Sitapore where Acharya Narender Deva is stated to have meager support. Thus the chances of his success are not very bright. The Congress may once again come out with flying colours against its own rebels.

Contrary To Co-operative Principle

A meeting on the Consumers Societies in Bombay was held on Tuesday the 29th June in the hall of the Provincial Co-operative Institute, Mr. V. P. Varde, Hon. Secretary of the Provincial Co-operative Institute and the Managing Director of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, presiding. The meeting felt that the new rules Nos. 45A and47A gazetted by the Government of Bombay were contrary to the Co-operative principle of voluntary organisation and undemocratic. After full discussion the meeting unanimously made the following constructive suggestions and requested Government to modify the rules accordingly.

Rule 45A. A person duly qualified under the Bye-laws of a Consumers' Society if refused admission without due cause may refer his case to the President of the Federal Society to which the said Society is affiliated or in case there is no such Federal Society to the President of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute or the President of the District Co-operative Board or to the Registrar, who if satisfied that admission was refused without due cause, shall require the Society to admit the said member, and his decision shall be final.

Rule 47A. A member of a Consumers' Society who carries on business of the kind carried on by such Society shall disclose his interest to the said Society before being elected a member of the Committe of such society; and a person elected member of the Committee in contravention of this rule shall vacate his seat on the Committee upon receiving a written requisition from the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies to that effect.

Dislocation Of Traffic On S. I. R.

MADRAS, July 5, (A. P. I.): Through running of trains on the Coimbatore-Tiruppur Section of the South Indian Railway has been dislocated following derailment of a goods train between Somanur and Solur last evening.

Enquiries made at the S. I. R. and Mand S. M. Railway offices here show that through running will be restored this afternoon and the first through train to pass through the affected area would be the Jalarpet-Calicut Passenger.

As result of the derailment, the Bluue Mountain Express and the Cochin Express which left Central Station yesterday were detained and returned to Madras this afternoon. The Malabar Express from Madras which was detained at Jalarpet also returned to Madras this morning.

A notification put at the Central Station states: Due to an accident to a goods train of the S. I. R. between Solur and Somanur through running has been obstructed for the next 24 hours. Passengers bound for Madras are being diverted via Coimbatore, Dindigul and Tiruchirapalli.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

"Uncertified" Khaddar

It is undeniable that for years past in almost all the provinces of India where purely handspun and handwoven Khaddar cloth has been in active consumption in any largs scale, there has been a lot of shoddy cloth circulating side by side masquerading as "Khaddar." Such has been either wholly mill-made cloth made of machinery-spun yarn, insufficiently twisted so as to resemble handspun yarn, or cloth of which the woof alone is of handspun yarn while the warp is of mill-made yarn. Owing to the higher prices which genuine Khaddar has been fetching in the market, and the difficulty which the average wearer of Khaddar finds in distinguishing between the real article and its spurious imitation, the racket in the latter type of cloth has flourished more or less with impunity because there had been no provision in the law prohibiting the sale of the spurious article. Latterly the racket has reached serious proportions in several places in India owing to the extremely high level of prices at which genuine Khaddar is selling today. The comparative cheapness of the spurious article enables deception on a large scale to be perpetrated on the poorer and illiterate people who patronise Khaddar. The Madras Government has done well therefore, in banning the sale of any Khaddar cloth, which is not certified to be genuine by an agency like the All-India Spinners' Association. Similar action on the part of other provincial governments is desirable wherever the racket in spurious Khaddar, raises its head.

Greetings To America

The message of greetings which Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as Prime Minister of the Indian Union sent to the Government of the United States of America on the occasion of the American Independence Day receives more than usual significance from the fact that it was the first occasion since the attainment of India's freedom that an Indian peoples' own Government could give expression to the feelings of genuine goodwill entertained by the people of India towards the people of the United States and to the desire of Indians to work for the establishment of lasting peace on earth in collaboration with al other peace-loving peoples. This expression of goodwill and desire for peace was no conventional declaration but one prompted from the inmost recesses of the heart of the Indian people. The people of India and their Government are genuinely touched by the warmth of the terms in which the reply of the American Government has been couched, in particular by the tribute it has paid to the memory of the Father of the Indian Nation, whose principles as observed by the American Government, will remain a perennial fount of inspiration to the people and Government of this country.

The Moral Of Finland

Whatever may happen later, Finland today does represent an undeniable refutation of the critics who maintain that everything and every state behind the "Iron Curtain" is a complete political and economic slave of the Soviet Union and Communism. Finland is not a Cmomunist-dominated state. Indeed, its Government enjoys sufficient freedom and independence, despite the Communists being in the coalition, to have dismissed an important Communist leader from the Cabinet. It was with this Government that the Soviet Union negotiated a mutual aid treaty and conceded in it the right of Finland to stay out of any war involving Russia unless Russia was attacked through Finland. Moreover, the Soviet Union has cancelled half of the reparations due to it from Finland without demanding or receiving any 'quid pro quo'. And now Finland has gone through a general election and the freedom in which the election was held is demonstrated by the fact that the Communist dominated party has, although not meeting with a major setback, lost its premier place in Parliament. Russia interfered neither directly nor indirectly to influence the popular vote. All this does not exactly represent the concitions behind the "Iron Curtain" as they are generally suggested as prevailing.

The Vietnamese Reality

According to a Paris message M. Emile Bollaert, the French High Commissioner for Indo-China, is now in the French capital to report to his Government. Will he tell the rulers of France the truth about the fate of the "agreement" which he recently concluded with the ex-Emperor Bao Dai and General Neuyen Van Xuan, who has been appointed "President of the Provisional Central Government?" That agreement, if the French face the reality, has failed. It is an inescapable commentary on the nature of the agreement that it has been opposed not only by Ho Chi Minh and Communists but also by responsible, non-Communist moderate nationalists among whom is a distinguished Editor who had actually been invited to join the Provisional Government. The result, which was natural and inevitable, is that both political opposition to the agreement and the guerrilla activities of the Resistance Movement have increased and, as a Saigon report says, the task of the Provisional "President" is becoming "increasingly difficult". The agreement has, in fact, failed. It has failed because the French have failed to recognise the reality of Vietnamese aspiration for freedom which is denied in the agreement. So long as the French try to retain in substance domination and control over the economic and political life of the Vietnam so long will the French-Indo-Chinese problem remain unsolved. Moreover, it wil cause increasing trouble and loss to the French. This is the truth which France has to face and reconcile itself to, in the only possible and wise way, which is the way of the British in India, Burma and Ceylon.

Believe It Or Not

Members of a certain Prohibition Board, not very far from this city, were taken aback when a colleague suddenly decided to stress the obvious and called on all of them to take the teetotal pledge. They had merrily gone on for months without ever dreaming that work for Prohibition involved any personal example. Probably they had thought of the habitual boozer, who, of course, is always the other fellow, when they considered the benefits of Prohibition, and the sudden shock of deprivation of the occasional glass, medical or convivial, was too much for these good souls. There was more than a flutter and finally it was decided to put off discussion to the next meeting, the official chairman having ruled that the resolution was in order and perfectly within the competence of the Board. Whatever the merits or otherwise of a Prohibition policy, nothing can be said in favour of non-teetotallers taking up the publicity work of Prohibition Boards. It would be well if the point is made clear and those who have so far assumed that Temperance would do as well as Prohibition, are asked to vacate their seats on these Boards.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Once the dispute is formally shifted to Governamental level", Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent wrote. "Prestige questions will be involved making it much more difficult for the Soviet Government to meet the minimum demands of the Western Powers for continued Four-Power administration of Berlin".

* * *

In reply to the Prime Minister's Fourth of July message, the U. S. Charge d'Affairs in New Delhi says: "It is certain that a free India, guided by the highr moral principles of Mahatma Gandhi and working in close collaboration with other freedom-loving nations of the world, will be able to make an effective contribution to the cause of international peace"

India certainly can and will if, as the junior colleague says, India is given the opportunity.

* * *

Mr. Kasim Razvi is reported to have outbursted that India's treatment of Hyderabad was worse than that meted out by Nazis in Germany.

We fear that if India's—er—"tyranny" increases Mr. Razvi may soon overwhelm India with the sensational charge that India's treatment of Hyderabad is being worse than that ever meted out to or planned for Hyderabad and its people by Syed Kasim Razvi

* * *

Razvi, by the way, has effectively smashed the Indian blockade. "We have", he thunders, "prepared diesel oil from groundnuts which is running our buses. We will prepare petrol from coal as Germany has done"

You see? Razvi has all the resources of Germany to produce as many ounces of fuel as the tons required. The Indian Government should have realised the immense resources of the Hyderabad rulers' dreamy minds, before taking the rash step of starting a blockade.

* * *

But the Indian Government has proved its incompetence in a worse way. Disastrous incompetence, in fact. It just didn't realise that "Hyderabad" could hit back and hit back good and hard. As Kasim Razvi declares "we are rather thinking of counter-blockade and we will not allow such imports as cinema-films and other luxury goods.....".

Which will doubtless break the bone of the blockade. But, far more calamitous than that, it will ruin India financially and economically and, of course, bring in the wake of ruin, social and political chaos. And, believe it or not, the Government of India didn't foresee the terrible doom it was inviting for over 300 million men, women and children placed under their care! The people must, for the sake of their very existence, chase this Government out and replace it with another which will sue "Hyderabad" for forgiveness and mercy.

* * *

Razvi has also revealed that the much talked of arms which his "Hyderabad" is collecting are "products of the Hyderabad State which possesses immense potentialities for production."

We personally believe him. If Hyderabad State can produce a Kasim Razvi it can produce anything and everything let alone a few hundred thousands or millions worth of foreign made arms.

But, the junior colleague objects, Kasim Razvi is an imported article and not an indigenous product That is just the point

* * *

According to a Singapore report, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, U. K. High Commissioner for South East Asia is to broadcast tonight on the conflict in Malaya.

We should all be most interested to know what this worthy son of a worthy father (Mr. Ramsay MacDonald) has to say on the conflict in Malaya.

* * *

In the U.N Trusteeship Council, the British spokesman, Mr. Lamb had had an uncomfortable and unconscionably long 90 minutes in the hands of the Philippine delegate who asked sarcastic questions on the great British plan to educate the 5,500,000 natives of Tanganyika who have already been given in 32 years as many as 264 schools, which is equivalent to one for 24,000 natives.

We get the Philippine point all right. But we fully side with the poor British Lamb. He has got to consider, among so many other things, the sentiments of, and repercussions on, his brethren of South Africa who have many more million natives to dispose of.

VALUE OF APPLIED SCIENCE

Dalal's Plea At Science Institute Court Meeting

BANGALORE, July 4, (A.P.I.): Sir Ardeshir Dalal has been elected President of the Court of Indian Institute of Science in the place left vacant by Sir M. Visvesvariah, who retired in April 1947.

Presiding over the court today Sir Ardeshir Dalal reviewed the progress of the Indian Institute of Science and problems and pleaded for greater emphasis being placed on applied research and its utilisation in industry.

COCHIN RULER SERIOUSLY ILL

ERNAKULAM, July 4 (API): The Chief Medical Officer and Civil Surgeon, General Hospital, Ernakulam, in a joint bulletin issued this morning at 7 a.m. says: "High Highness the Maharaja was taken suddenly ill on Friday (second July) noon night. His Highness's condition is however, better now but continues to cause some anxiety".

Finnish Surprise For Communists

Soviet Reaction To Election Defeat Awaited

HELSINKI, July 4. (U.P.A.): THE FINNISH COMMUNIST PARTY TODAY GOT BAD NEWS OF THE WORST LICKING ANY FINNISH PARTY EVER SUFFERED IN AN ELECTION AS THE LATEST RESULTS SHOWED THEY DROPPED 30 SEATS.

WITH LESS THAN 100,000 VOTES REMAINING TO BE COUNTED THE COMMUNISTS HAD ONLY 38 SEATS—A DROP OF 13 FROM THE 51 THEY HELD BEFORE THE ELECTION.

THE SOCIAL DEMOCRATS AND AGRARIANS PICKED UP THE SEATS THE COMMUNISTS LOST, PLUS TWO MORE. BOTH JUMPED FROM 48 TO 56.

POSITION OF PARTIES

Other parties lined up as follows:
Conservatives, 30;
Swedish Party, 14; and,
Liberals, 6.

Just before the election the Social Democrats and Agrarians were both 48, Communists 51, Conservatives 21, Swedish People's Party 14, Liberals, 9, Swedish Leftists, 1.

The latest standing may be final since mail votes usually do not change results much. Election authorities said the official figures may be ready late tonight.

The new Finnish Parliament will meet July 21 to form a new Government. Political observers thought the job would take several weeks. A Social Democratic spokesman said: "I guess the debate on the new Cabinet will be of more importance even than these elections. I know there will be hot discussions before Parliament approves a Rightist dominated Cabinet if the Agrarians plan to use their majority with that aim".

The most interesting and important question raised by the defeat of the Labour parties is what Russia's attitude to the new Government would be.

The Communists stated repeatedly that their presence in the Government was necessary if Finland is to maintain friendly relations with the Soviet Union.

A week ago it was learned in Helsinki that Russia was "softening" its policy towards Finland and had even informed the Finnish Government a Social Democratic Government would be accepted by Moscow. It remains to be seen if the Kremlin goes a step further and also accepts a Cabinet dominated by Rightist Agrarians.

Danish Expedition To Visit Unknown

COPENHAGEN, (By Mail): The best equipped expedition ever to visit Peary land, Greenland, will leave here on July 1 to explore areas which, it is believed, have never before been visited by man.

The expedition, travelling by sea and air will go as far Norh as the 85th degree of latitude.

Labour College

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Labour College, sponsored by the Socialist Party, Bombay, was formally inaugurated by Sathi Jayaprakash Narayan on 12th July 1947. The aim of the College as Sathi Jayaprakash Narayan put it in his inaugural addres is to create a new type of trade union worker who will help the Indian working class to play its rightful role in the building up of a free and prosperous India.

During the first year of its existence, its English and Marathi sections (Elementary Course) imparted useful knowledge of subjects such as Trade Union theory, practice and history; labour problems and legislation; social security; theory of cooperation; elements of economics; development of Socialist thought, etc. to about 500 students.

This year, in addition to the Elementary Course, it is proposed to start the Intermediate Course the syllabus for which includes subjects such as structure of Indian economy, Indian worker, principles of national planning, elements of psychology, sociology and statistics, practice of co-operation and labour welfare.

English section, (Elementary and Intermediate courses) will meet in Podar College of Commerce, Matunga on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 6-45 p.m. to 8-15 p.m. and each course will last for about three months.

Marathi Section will meet in Podar College, Matunga, every day except Sundays from 6-15 p.m. to 8-15 p.m. and the whole course will last exactly four weeks.

Admissions to both sections and both courses will be made from 21st June 1948 at Podar College, Matunga from 6-30 p.m. to 7-30 p.m. A fee of Rs. 10 for each English course and Rs. 5 for the Marathi course will have to be paid in advance.

Regular lectures will commence from today (Monday).

The honorary staff of the College includes Sathi Asoka Metha, Principal L. N. Welingkar, Prof. M. R. Palande, Sathi Rohit Dave and other well-known professors and experienced trade union leaders.

KARWAR DISTRICT LEAGUE CHIEF RESIGNS

KARWAR, July 3. (A.P.I.): Basti Ali Mohamed Sab, President of the Karwar District Muslim League, has tendered his resignation of the office.

Nehru With Turkish Ambassador

PANDIT NEHRU POSES FOR THE CAMERA WITH M. ALI TURKGELDI THE NEW TURKISH AMBASSADOR

Britain Can Repay India's Sterling Balances

BUT CHETTY'S VISIT TO PRAGUE SHOWS HE BRINGS DISAPPOINTING TIDINGS

LONDON, July 4, (U.P.I.):

The special meeting of the Indian Union Cabinet which was held yesterday at New Delhi to scrutinize the tripartite draft agreement for settlement of the Sterling Balances is reported to have generally approved the same, according to information received here.

The decision of the Cabinet will be conveyed to Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, India's Finance Minister, who is returning to London from Prague shortly. The "United Press of India" gathers that the agreement will be on the outlines of the draft agreement.

Unofficial sources here which are credited with possessing inside information hold the view that the provisions incorporated in the agreement are very likely to prove disappointing to the people of India.

Indeed, Mr. Shanmukham Chetty's visit to Prague on a mission for purchasing capital Goods is interpreted here as a pointer that Great Britain has expressed her inability to concert substantial amount of sterling balances into dollars, a contingency which would tend to weaken India's purchasing power in the U. S. A. market.

PACT WITH U. S. DOES IT

On being approached by Special Representative of the "U. P. I". in London to explain in the disappointing outcome of Indo-British Sterling Balance negotiations, an eminent British economist attributed the same to the fact that the tripartite sterling talks coincided with the signing by U. K. of a bilateral agreement with U. S. A. under the European Recovery Programme. This bilateral agreement, the same source pointed out, compelled Great Britain to surrender control over exports-imports and the rest of her economic activities to U. S. A. whose Foreign Secretary, George Marshall has already publicly announced that the first preference for economic regeneration under the Marshall Plan will go to the war-devastated areas of Europe and, that U. K. will not be allowed to snatch away the share of Europe in capital goods and defence equipment and hand the same over to the Eastern countries, especially the sterling bloc.

It is further gathered that the American E. R. P. administration in London has given public expression to official views that his Government would object to India and Pakistan getting more dollars from Sterling Balances than they would have been able to get if Britain were with E. R. P.

Under the circumstances referred above, U. K. delegation is reported to have asked for "leniency" in the settlement of sterling debt accumulated with H. M. G. in favour of India and Pakistan.

Observers here are not disposed to attach much importance to the arguments put forward by certain influential British journals regarding the inability of the U. K. to relay the sterling debt.

So far as the capacity of U. K. to pay her sterling debt is concerned, it is pointed out that Britain's annual income was recently estimated at 8,483 million pounds and the total credit of undivided India, thus amounted to about fourteen per cent. of the annual income of U. K. for one single year. It will thus be obvious that the debt is not so heavy or beyond the capacity of the U. K.

Even the report prepared recently for the Indian Affairs Group of the Fabian Society by Mr. A. C. Gilpin with a foreword by Mr. G. D. H. Cole, an eminent Oxford economist, admits in essence the case for India. This treatise points out that England still holds substantial overseas investments of the order of 2,000 to 3,000 million pounds and refers to the national income of the U. K. to show that the capacity of Britain to repay any debt is quite strong.

"SUPPORT HYDERABAD PEOPLES' STRUGGLE WEEK"

Miss Susheela Madiman, General Secretary of the Bombay Students' Union (AISF), has issued the following statement:—The Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union has decided to observe a "SUPPORT HYDERABAD PEOPLES' STRUGGLE" Week from to-day (Monday) to Saturday 10th July. The Week will be observed by holding school and college meetings where resolutions will be passed pledging full support to the people of Hyderabad in their uncompromising struggle for a new social order and demanding arms for the fighting people.

The following programme has been fixed:—

(1) Sale of Flags—Wednesday and Thursday.

(2) The B.S.U. will hold a central public meeting on Friday 9th July at Vanmalli Hall at 6 p.m.

(3) A procession wil be taken out on Saturday at 3-30 p.m. from Shivaji Park.

Bombay Weekly Banned In Hyderabad

BOMBAY, July 4 (API): The Nizam's Government have banned the circulation of "Weekly Observer" of Bombay in Hyderabad for publishing reports "prejudicial to the State", according to information received here.

Messages wishing the Colege a

WORKERS' PLEDGE TO ABSTAIN FROM DRINK

Assurance To Home Minister At Opening Of 'Gandhi Nagar'

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Fourteen hundred residence—Hindus and Muslims of 300 huts situated opposite the Shriram Mills at Fergusson Road, Bombay to-day, gave an assurance to Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, that they would not drink in future and prove worthy of Gandhian principles of truth and non-violence.

The occasion was the naming of an area covering 7,200 square yards on which the huts are constructed as 'Gandhi Nagar' The opening ceremony was performed by the Home Minister. The residents of the huts are all workers and most of them have come from Hyderabad State.

Addressing the gathering on the occasion, Mr. Desai said that since they were free now, it was the duty of every worker to be more disciplined and united and not be misled by any selfish leader. He said the Government was trying its best to improve the lot of the working classes in the country. It was too much to expect results in two days. Their freedom was not even a year old. If people co-operated with the Government wholeheartedly, and gave them time to set the house in order, they would soon see 'Ram Raj' established in the country.

The Home Minister said that they were naming the locality as 'Gandhi Nagar' but he would not advise them to do so unless they pledged that they would follow Gandhiji's teachings and give up the habit of drink. The gathering thereupon gave an assurance to the Home Minister to give up drink. Mr. Morarji Desai wished them every success.

Kutch Breaks New Ground

English Replaced By Gujerati In State

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, (By Mail):

With the advent of the new administrative set-up in Kutch the Government of Kutch have become more and more responsive to the public will, judging from their latest decision to replace English by Gujerati in the notifications relating to the customs and other matters affecting the people.

Mr. C. K. Desai, Chief Commissioner of Kutch has further ruled that the five-line salutation which had been prescribed for every petition to the Maharao shall be discontinued, that the fortnightly called The Kutch State Patrika shall cease publication that the compulsory subscriptions to The Kutch State Gazette shall no longer be collected and that the Soi Disant village improvement drive, shall cease to operate.

JODHPUR, (By Mail): The "Gazette of Jodhpur Government" announces that His Highness has honoured Rajya Guru Yogiraj Swami Madhawa Nandji with the titles of "Shri Vaid Vachaspati" and "Mahamahopodyaji".

PRIVATE PROPERTY OF GUJARAT RULERS

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT (By Mail):

It is learnt inquiries are being instituted by the Government of Bombay into the validity or otherwise of the sales and transfers of public property effected during the last four months by the Ruling Chiefs of the covenanting Gujarat States. In the event of such sale transactions being found unwarranted the sale proceeds shall be recovered from the Civil lists of the Ruling Chiefs concerned.

BR. IMMIGRANTS TO DOMINIONS

Cabinet's Decision Against Mass Migration

LONDON, July 4 (UPI): The British Cabinet has, it is learned, decided against the officially sponsored schemes of mass migration of workers to the Dominions.

Government however will not discourage individual immigrants and will provide more ships for them as soon as possible.

It is believed that enquiries about British policy in this matter have been made by other partners of the Western Union in connection with the visit of the Australian Premier, Mr. John Chiffley here this week. Their reports are that Mr. Chiffley is bringing an ambitious plan for the transfer of some ten to fifteen million Britishers to Australia.

Stop Press

ISLAMIC CONFERENCE IN CAIRO

CAIRO, July 4. (Reuter): Representatives of 25 States will attend an Islamic Conference to be convened in Cairo soon to examine the United States attitude towards Palestine, it was learned here tonight.

HYDERABAD'S FINANCES ARE SAFE, CLAIMS NIZAM

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 4. (A.P.I.): Hyderabad's finances are as sound as ever and the State had large accumulated reserves and other assets, a Nisam's Government communique claimed today, at the same time discounting suggestions in the Indian press that the State was faced with possibility of inflation and a budget deficit of ten crores of rupees.

THREE MORE MURDERS BY JOHORE TEBBOBISTS

SINGAPORE, July 4. (Reuter): Three more murders by terrorists in Johore today brought the total in two months' outrage and disorders to 50.

FOUR KILLED IN PANAMA CITY CLASHES

PANAMA CITY, July 4. (Reuter): Four people were killed and over 20 injured, many of them seriously, in clashes here today between the police and supporters of Dr. Arnulo Arias, revolutionary party candidate for the Presidency.

The police were reported to have arrested about 100 people, including several women, and to have taken special precautions to deal with further fighting.

JEWS CHARGED WITH BREACHES OF CEASE-FIRE

AMMAN, July 4. (Reuter): The Transjordan Defence Ministry, in a communique tonight, accused the Jews of several breaches of the cease-fire in Jurusalem last night.

46 PERSONS KILLED IN LONDON AIRCRASH

LONDON, July 5. (U.P.A.): According to service and air line officials, 46 persons were killed when a R.A.F. York transport and a Scandinavian Air Liner crashed in mid air north of Northolt airport today.

BEVIN NOT WITHOUT HOPE ABOUT BERLIN.

WYMONDHAM (NORFOLK), July 4. (Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, told an audience of several thousands here today that he would not accept that the starvation of two-and-a-half million Germans in Berlin to be used as an instrument of policy by the Russians. "I am not unhopeful that sanity will prevail", he declared. The great "Air Lift" over the German capital would grow in strength as the days went on and the starvation weapon would not be allowed to succeed, he added.

YUGOSLAV COMMUNIST PARTY PAPER SUPPORTS MOSCOW.

BELGRADE, July 4, (Reuter): 'Borba", official organ of the Yugoslav Communist Party—censured by Russia and the other members of the Cominform for its "anti-Soviet" attitude—today published an editorial strongly supporting Moscow's policy in Germany At the same time Marshal Josip Tito's Government sasent her fifth protest in as many days to her Communist-dominated neighbour, Alabnia

SIR EDWARD GENT KILLED IN AIR CRASH

Mid-air Collision Over London Hospital: 40 Fatalities

LONDON, July 4. (Reuter): Sir Edward Gent, High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya, was killed today when a York plane of the Royal Air Force Transport Command on which he was travelling crashed in flames after a mid-air collision with a Swedish Skymaster.

Over 40 persons were believed to have been killed in the crash.

Both planes were completely burnt out. Eye-witness tonight told of how the planes crashed in flames, making it impossible to approach them until fire brigades had been at work. Some of the bodies have not yet been recovered.

The planes crashed within a quarter of a mile of each other in wooded country near Northolt aerodrome, on the north-western outskirts of London. The collision took place above hospital, and visitors who were lined up outside waiting for buses watched in horrors as the two planes went screaming to the ground in flames.

GENT WAS ON WAY TO LONDON

Sir Edward Gent was on his way to London for consultations with the British Government over the handling of the unrest which has been sweeping Malaya for the past month.

Fifty people have been killed in the wave of violence there, believed to have been Communist-inspired. Sir Edward had been criticised for his "lack of firmness". The Strait "Times" said last week that "because of Sir Edwards hesitance, the Government is always one move behind the terrorists".

Reuter's political correspondent learned last week from a nearly authoritative but unofficial London source that Sir Edward was relinquishing office. The British Foreign Office would not confirm this, saying merely that he had been "recalled for consultations".

SAW SERVICE IN FLANDERS.

Sir Edward Gent was born in 1895. He served in Flanders and Italy with the Duke of Cornwalls light infantry in the 1914-18 war, gaining the D. S. O. and M. C.

After the war he entered the Colonial Service and became an expert on far Eastern affairs from 1942 to 1946. He was assistant Under-Secretary of State, and was then appointed Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Malayan Union.

In January 1946, the Malayan Union Order in Council was revoked and Sir Edward was appointed High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya.

He was sworn in at Kuala Lumpur on Feb. 2, 1948.

He was made an Officer of the British Empire in 1935. A companion of Saint Michael and Saint George in 1941 and a Knight Commander of Saint Michael and Saint George in the Victory Honours list.

The Air Ministry stated tonight there were eight passengers and crew only on board the Yoirk plane, including Sir Edward Gent, and that all are dead.

British European Airways told Reuter tonight that the plane with which the York was in collision was thought to be a D C-6, a larger version of the Skymaster.

It belonged to Scandinavian Airways System, which is run jointly by Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

Both planes fell in woods near Northholt aerodrome, which is on the north western outskirts of London.

YORK PLANE IN TROUBLE

The York had been circling round Northolt for about an hour, but had been unable to land because of bad visibility.

Several Government officials, including Mr. W. A. Ward, Agent for Malaya, had arrived at Northolt to receive Sir Edward Gent.

There were no survivors of the Swedish skymaster.

It had flown from Stockholm and Copenhagen.

It is learned there were 25 passengers on the Scandinavian plane, in addition to the crew of seven.

Weather in the London area this afternoon was misty, with frequent showers of rain.

EYE WITNESS ACCOUNTS

A resident in the area said that he heard a plane flying very low over his house. It seemed to be in trouble and almost immediately there was a terrific explosion, followed by another smaller explosion.

"Friends of mine who saw the plane said it seemed to disintegrate in midair," he said. "A large part of the planes just cleared the end house in this road, before it fell to the ground."

Another resident in the same area of Northwood, where the Scandinavian plane crashed said: "I was standing in my garden, and heard the planes overhead. Suddenly, there was a deafending crash. I could not see anything because of the low rain cluds. A moment later I saw a plane crash to the ground. It disappeared in the woods, a few yards from my house, and then there was a blinding sheet of flame.

"I and several other people in the house rushed through the woods to where the plane had crashed but it was impossible to get near. The heat was terrific. The plane was a crumpled mass, and there was no sign of any of the passengers".

A third eye-witness said that when he first saw the plane it seemed to be diving in corkscrew fashion. A short distance from the ground it straightened out, and then crashed nose first, he said.

At 6 p.m. G.M.T. (23-30 hours IST) this evening, 28 bodies had been recovered from the Skymaster and four the York transport.

YORK PLANE HAD VISITED INDIA.

The crashed R.A.F. plane was Air Transport Command's York No. 248. It had been flown from Malta.

It had left Britain on June 24, reached Singapore about June 27, went to several places in India, and on its return touched at Bahhaniya, Iraq.

CLOUDBURST FATALITIES

SHANGHAI, July 4. (Reuter): Thirty-one people were killed and at least 90 injured today when a cloudburst struck Shanghai.

Press reports estimated that damage caused by the half hour storm totalled £5,000,000.

Many casualties were caused when the wind tore the roof off two old wooden houses which collapsed, killing all the inhabitants. The argentine all the inhabitants. The argentine cruiser, "La Argentina", here on a training visit, broke her moorings and drifted upstream before control was established. The cruiser was not damaged.

Pandit Nehru

The Secunderabad correspondent of the "Bombay Chronicle" reported on June 1 that Pandit Nehru on his way to the Ootacamund session of UNESCAFE stopped for thirty minutes at Hyderabad and was met by Mr. Munshi at the aerodrome. The Government of India states that the report is entirely false as Pandit Nehru did not go anywhere near Hyderabad on his way to Ootacamund.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for the four weeks i.e. from July 4, 1948 to July 31, 1948 has been fixed as follows:—

Total Cereal Ration Per Week.	Per Adult (two food grains units.)	Per Child (one food grains Unit.)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of one Unit.
Total Cereal Ration Per Week.	3.1|8 seers	1.9|16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Rice (Any variety).	1.1|4 seers	5|8 seer	1|4 seer
Maximum available in Wheat*	1.1|4 seers	5|8 seer	1|4 seer (in wheat-flour only)
of which—			
(a) Maximum available in Wheatgrain	3|4 seer	3|8 seer	Nil.
(b) Maximum available in Wheatflour	1.1|4 seers	5|8 seer	1|4
+ Maximum available in Milo.	1|2 seer	1|4 seer	Nil.
Maximum available in Maize	3.1|8 seers	1.9|16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Barley.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.

* One Bombay seer of wheat is equivalent to 1.1|2 lbs. or 24 ozs. of wheatflour.

One seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one unit of Bread and one unit of Bread is equivalent to 28 ozs. of Bread.

Bread Tickets can be obtained within the permissible quantity of wheat ration at the rate of one Bread unit per seer of wheat ration.

The concession of allowing a Bread Ticket of one unit on a child's ration card against surrender of the entire ration will continue.

+ Milo will be available on basic ration cards only till the present stocks in the shops last.

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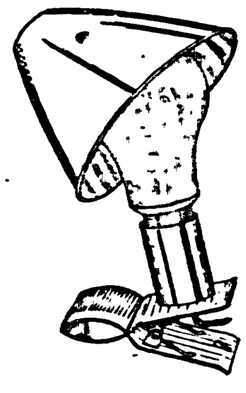

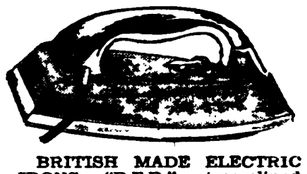

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Rs. 12,12|- each without bulbs. Bulbs will be supplied at an extra charge.

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Olympic Preparations In Full Swing

GIANT TECHNI-COLOUR FILM PRODUCTION PLANNED

LONDON, July 4 (Reuter).—A new stage in Olympic preparations was reached this week with the hoisting of the Olympic flag at the Richmond Park camp just outside London where 1,600 athletes will be housed during the Olympiad.

Nearby the Olympic Stadium in Wembley is a beehive of activity. The platform and bowl to hold the Olympic flame are now in position and work is proceeding on the installation of the photofinish equipment.

In the Empire pool where the swimming and boxing take place preparations have reached an advanced stage and as soon as the swimming pool has been painted it will have the 700,000 gallons of water pumped into it. Water will be filtrated and heated to 73 degrees Fahrenheit. Sixtyone flags are being hoisted around the Olympic Stadium, each representing a nation competing.

The Olympic Technical Committee are spending nearly half a million pounds on the Olympics. One of the most expensive items is the huge score board in the Olympic Stadium which is costing about £5,000 to erect.

Equipment ordered includes 132 javelins, 41 discs, 22 hammers and 48 shots, a hundred and fifty watches from Switzerland and 100 key balls and footballs from Britain. The Committee is providing 50 horses for the Benththlon event which will after the games be put up for auction.

In addition it is the responsibility of the Technical Committee to stable and feed 250 horses for the Equestrian events.

TECHNICOLOR'S ROLE

Within three weeks of the closing ceremony of August 14 all the thrills and colour of the 61-Nation Olympiad will be imparted to all lovers of sport the world over through the giant technicolor film "The Glory of Sport."

This will be a 12-reel colour picture for which the Arthur Rank Organisation has paid £25,000 for the exclusive rights. This film will provide a complete pictorial history of the fourteenth Olympiad covering all events from the opening ceremony from Wembley to the Yachting at Torquay.

One million feet of specially prepared technicolor film has been sent from New York. Twenty technicians are now preparing the cameras and testing special lenses with which they will capture the speed and thrills of the seventeen different sporting events. Elaborate calculations have been made to get the best vantage points and special aluminium lightweight towers 25 feet high are being constructed on mobile platforms. Steel constructed pits are also being sunk into the ground to get the 'worms eye' view. Each version sent abroad will give prominence to the country concerned with special commentaries translated into 16 different languages.

The first of the Olympic events will be the Olympic arts exhibition which is opening on July 14 in the famous Victoria and Albert Museum two weeks before the King declares the 14th Olympiad officially open. Olympic officials are delighted with the quality and quantity of the exhibitions.

GOVT. AID SOUGHT

There has been new glamour in the press for official financial support for Britain's Olympic team following the appeal to the public by Lord Burghley, Chairman of the British Olympic Council, for money towards the housing and transporting of Britain's 330 men and 60 women competitors. It is being said that Britain should have Government financial aid as is being given to athletes of most of the competing nations instead of it being left to the charity of a few individuals and societies.

This week-end will be the final test for Britain's track and field athletes with the holding of the Amateur Athletic Association Championships, on their running in these will depend for most athletes whether or not they get the coveted honour of representing their country in the Olympics, an honour even more coveted than usual with the games being held in London.

BRITISH HOPE IN WOMEN'S EVENTS

Britain's hopes of taking a gold medal in the women's events look reasonably bright with the attractive ballet dancer Haureen Gardner clocking 11.2 seconds for the eighty metres hurdles. This time, the fastest yet recorded, beats that of Danny Blankers Coen, the Dutch Hurdler who was joint holder of the previous world's best with 11.3 seconds. Mrs. Slankers Coen is a mother of two children and the fact that she is racing as fast now as she did six years ago shows that the bearing of children has no detrimental effect on a woman's athletes prowess.

This is further proved by the fact that Mrs. Tyler who as Dorothy Odam broke the world record with five feet five and three-eights inches is today at 28 years of age with two children jumping as well as ever.

ROYAL PARTICIPANTS

There may yet be Royal participation in the Olympics even though Prince Olaf of Norway failed to get a place in Norway's yachting team. Prince Bernard of the Netherlands is said to hold a good chance of making the Dutch Equestrian team. The Prince has, it is understood, said he wants no favouritism and wishes to be selected purely on merit.

An interesting item of yachting news is that a west country syndicate have bought a yacht, the Golden Hind, an aspirant for the six-metre class Olympic race and are selling shares to the public.

Indian Hockey Team's Luck

MADRAS, July 4 (API).—The Indian Hockey representatives for the London Olympics scored yet another victory when they defeated a South Indian Eleven by four goals to one in the third and last exhibition match played here today.

A record attendance was present.

After being one down at half-time, the Olympic Eleven staged a magnificent recovery and their stamina told in the end that the Indian representatives were in arrears before the interval was a silent tribute to the magnificent defence of the South Indian team whose half-line Padavat, Newman and Pannirselvam—proved a match to the opposing forward line.

For the visitors Babu was brilliant as usual but the fleet-footed Latiff was effectively checked on the left flank by Padavat of Bangalore.

Sabjan gave the lead to the South Indian XI in the tenth minute when he converted a penalty corner. The Olympic team pressed hard for the equaliser but the South Indian Defence held them at bay successfully till halftime. Babu gave the equaliser ten minutes after resumption in his inimitable style. The second goal followed immediately through Fernandez. Glacken shot the third goal ten from time and Babu completed the tally just before the close.

WORLD HOCKEY TITLE

India And Pakistan Stand Equal Chance Of Winning At London Olympics

KARACHI, July 4 (API).—The Pakistan Olympic Hockey Team, captained by Ali Iqtidar Dara, beat a selected Sind Eleven by two goals to nil in an exhibition match here this evening. The team is leaving for London tomorrow.

INDIA V. PAKISTAN

Hockey observers here who have closely watched Pakistan's players in action during the last few days are confident that the finals of the World Hockey Championship in London will be an Inter-Dominion affair—Pakistan versus India. They opined that Pakistan and India have the stronger attack and defence respectively and both have equal chances of winning the world title.

Ali Iqtidar Dara, Pakistan's Hockey Captain, told "API" that under the prevailing circumstances, Pakistan had selected the best team it could. Knowing the team India had selected, Dara observed that Pakistan had 50 per cent chances of winning the World Hockey Championship.

BRITAIN'S YOUNG HOPEFUL AT OLYMPICS

LONDON, July 3 (Reuter): An "unknown" 18 years' old Lancashire school-boy, Joseph Birrrell of Barrow Grammar School, stole the limelight in the Amateur Athletic Association Championships at the White City, London today, in which the Australian Olympic athletes won five titles.

Birrell won the 120 yards hardles by two yards from two of the Australian competitors, John Gardner and C. R. Green, and proved a worthy representative for Britain in the absence of the nation's leading hurdler, Donald Finlay, who was unable to compete because of a strained muscle.

This was only Birrell's second senior competition. He has been hurdling for two years, and hopes to gd to Sandhurst and make the army his career.

CHAMPION ACKNOWLEDGES CHEERS

LOUIS WITH HIS WELL-WISHERS IN HIS DRESSING ROOM AT YANKEE STADIUM.

VERDICT ON ENGLISH CRICKET

"Deplorable Show In Recent Tests With Australia"

LONDON, JULY 4, ((REUTER) WHAT IS WRONG WITH ENGLISH CRICKET? COUNTLESS LOVERS OF THIS OLD ENGLISH GAME BEGAN TO WONDER WHEN THE M.C.C. TEAM FARED BADLY IN AUSTRALIA TWO YEARS AGO. THE WAR YEARS CAME AS A READY EXCUSE.

When the English touring team failed so dismally in the West Indies last winter, the fans no longer wondered, they knew something was wrong. But again they found excuse such as the fact that the team sent out was not the best and that the English stars were stale on account of the previous winters tour in Australia. Thus when the Australians came to England this summer cricket "lovers up and down" the country were prepared to forgive past failures and genuinely to believe that England would at least give the tourists a good game, even if they did not actually succeeded in heating them.

The first few matches played by the Australians caused some experts to declare that, if the Australian batting was all that it had been stated to be the bowling was not cery formidable and that English batsmen would at least get runs. This was reflected in the unofficial stock exchange dealings on the runs likely to be scored in the four innings by both teams which was around 15,000 runs.

BASIC FAULTS

But what has happened in the first two Tests at Nottingham and Lords has caused these cricket lovers to hang their heads in shame and kick themselves for their optimism while the experts have had to eat their own words.

England's showing in these two Tests has been deplorable and almost too bad to be true, while the hot heads have shouted "sack the lot" or play Glamorgan" or "play Oxford University" or some such wild statement, the saner critics have come to the conclusion that it is not so much the men who are to be blamed although they have carried all the responsibility as some underlying principle of the game as it is being played in England today.

These wiser men have been searching for the reason why England surrendered without a fight, for the basic faults that lie behind the debacles and seeking for the remedy that must be found if English cricket is to survive.

SHOULD START AFRESH

A general consensus of opinion suggests that English cricket should make a fresh start from the very beginning with youngsters instead of veterans and build a new team bearing in mind the following cardinal points:

(1) That best cricketers are made not born, even if they are born good. That to succeed at this game means any amout of perseverance guts and concentration which can only be obtained by plenty of really hard work.

(2) That the bowlers should be given a chance by letting them have natural instead of prepared wickets.

(3) That the fieldsmen be made really efficient so as to give the bowlers some incentive. Dropped catches and slipshod fielding are enough to demoralise any bowler.

(4) That the youth be taught how to bowl fast by not insisting so much that length is the beginning and end of all things. That they be made to appreciate that speed gets wickets as well as spin, and that only attacking bowlers get wickets of men like the Australians.

(5) That the batsmen be made to learn the art of playing fast bowling so that they know how to play forward and not chuck their wickets away by playing back.

That they learn to become so accustomed to this type of bowling that they would not be intimidated by men like Lindwall and Miller who are nothing like as formidable as Gregory and MacDonald were in 1921.

(6) That the M.C.C. take a leaf from the book of Football Association and appoint a national team coach and manager to make the men pay proper attention to detail and wield them into a team, full of spirit, discipline and the will to win.

(7) That the County cricket programme be cut down so that there are eight or nine Countries, combined if necessary, instead of 17 comparatively weak ones as at present. So much indifferent batting and bowling as is seen in county cricket today makes both batsmen and bowlers slack and fieldsmen slipshod and quite unfit for the job when they come up against men of the calibre of the Australians.

(8) That most matches be cut down to one or two days, like the Australian grade cricket, with a few big matches like the Australian Sheffield games. This would avoid much of the time spent in travelling which cannot be good for the quality to the cricket.

INDIFFERENT FIELDING

As things are today England has no really fast bowlers. Her batsmen do not know how to play fast bowling. Her fielders are indifferent, with one or two exceptions. The players lack concentration years before the war. The pugnacity is absent. There is no real desire to win. The game is lost before it is won. On the last day at Lords not one batsman seemed to believe it was possible to save the game by staying at the wicket and stonewalling. All seemed to believe that it was just a question of when they would get out.

What a commentary on the batting to think that wicket-keeper Evans is second in the Test averages to Denis common.

That English cricket is in a bad way no one can deny. This year marks the centenary of the birth of the greatest of all English cricketers Dr. W. G. Grace. If he had been at Nottingham or Lords he would have been horrified by what he saw. As it was he probably turned in his grave. If only the spirit and determination of the cricketers of his age can be recaptured all will be well but until then England — no matter what eleven men represent her — will never win a series of tests against real cricketers like the Australians.

REVOLUTION IN ASTROLOGY & ASTRONOMY

Everybody in this country is aware of the fact that India's unrivalled and greatest palmist, Tantric, Yogi vastly learned in the Astrology and Astronomy of the East and the West, gifted with supernatural power of predictions, PERMANENT PRESIDENT OF THE INTERNATIONALLY FAMED BARANASHI PANDIT SABHA OF BENARES AND ALL-INDIA ASTROLOGICAL AND ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY OF CALCUTTA.

RAJ-JYOTISHI

JYOTISHSAMRAT PANDIT Sri RAMESH CHANDRA BHATTACHARYYA, JYOTISHARNAB, M.R.A.S. (LOND.), has won unique fame not only in India but throughout the world (e.g., in ENGLAND, AMERICA, AFRICA, CHINA, JAPAN, MALAYA, SINGAPORE, etc.) and many notable persons from every nook and corner of the world have sent unsolicited testimonials acknowledging his mighty and supernatural powers.

This powerfully gifted great man can tell at a glance all about one's past, present and future, and with the help of Yogic and Tantric powers an heal diseases which are the despair of Doctors and Kaviraias, can help people to win difficult law suits, and ensure safety from dangers, prevent childlessness and free people of family unhappiness. HIS THREE IMPORTANT PREDICTIONS (prediction about the British victory on the very day 2nd September, 1939—of the declaration of LAST WORLD WAR, prediction of the achievement of INDEPENDENCE BY THE INTERIM GOVT. WITH Pandit Jawaharlal as the Premier made on the 3rd Sept., 1946, and prediction regarding THE FUTURE OF INDIA AND PAKISTAN which had been sent to the Prime Minister of India on the 11th August, 1947 and subsequently published in various Newspapers) have proved correct to the detail, amazed people the world over and have won for him unstinted praise and gratitude from all quarters including HIS MAJESTY GEORGE THE SIXTH, the GOVERNOR OF BENGAL and EMINENT LEADERS OF INDIA. He is the only astrologer in India who was honoured with the title of "JYOTISH-SIROMANI" IN 1938 and "JYOTISHSAMRAT"—Emperor among trologers and astronomers—IN 1947 BY THE BHARATIYA PANDIT MAHAMANDAL OF CALCUTTA and BARANASHI PANDIT SABHA OF BENARES, Panditji is now the CONSULTING ASTROLOGER TO THE EIGHTEEN RULING PRINCES IN INDIA—a signal honour that has not been endowed on any astrologer in India so far.

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BAGALAMUKHI KAVACHA:—To overcome enemies it is unique. The wearer gets promotion in services and succeeds in pleasing higher officials. In winning civil or criminal suits it is unparalleled. This is also a preventive to any accident or danger. Rs. 9-2. Special with speedy effects Rs. 34-2. (THE BHOWAL KUMAR, WINNER OF THE SENSATIONAL BHOWAL CASE WORE THIS KAVACHA). Super-special with extraordinary effects Rs. 184-4.

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HIGHEST PAID WOMAN IN U. S.

WASHINGTON, July 4 (UPA): Betty Grable, movieland's best known "figure", was listed as the highest paid woman in the United States for the second successive year.

The Treasury's annual salary listing showed the shapely screen star was paid 299,333 dol. by the Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation in 1946. She got 238,000 dol. the previous year.

The highest paid of all was Charles Skyoras who got a total of 985,300 dol. in 1946 as President of the National Theatres Association Company and President of the Fox West Coast Agency Corporation.

Skyoras also tops the previous year with 568,143 dol.

The best paid film actor was Bing Crosby who received 325,000 dol. from Paramount Pictures.

His friendly rival, Bob Hope, collected 275,000 dol. from the same company.

The figures do not include income from other sources such as radio and stage appearances.

Miss Grable was ninth on the list of the first ten high earners and the only woman among the top ten. Her husband, Harry James, swelled the earnings of the pair by another 100,035 dol.

Others among the top ten included William Wyler, Producer, Samuel Goldwyn Productions Incorporated, 432,000 dol.

Charles E. Wilson, President and Chief Executive Oficer, General Motors Corporation, Detroit, 337,193 dol. C. W. Deyo, Board Chairman, F. W. Woolworth and Company, New York, 330,152 dol.

For many years Thomas J. Watson, Chairman of the International Business Magnates' Corporation, was among the first ten. He fell back from 425,528 dol. in 1945 to 228,117 dol. in the latest listing.

Under Federal income tax laws in effect during the earnings period, all were required to give up the lion's share of their earnings to the Government.

Here are some examples of the amount taxes would take:

Salary of 100,000 dol. would be taxed at approximately, 63,540 dol.; 200,444 dol. at 148,551 dol; 500,000 dol. at 407,896 dol.; 1,000,000 dol. at 840,146 dol.

The Treasury by law lists all compensation of 75,000 dol. or more paid by corporations in the form of salaries, commissions or bonuses.

The listing is not an index of the incomes received by the country's richest people. They get most of their income in the form of profits on sales of securities or real estate dividends and interest on securities or rents.

LONDON, July 4, (U. P. I.): The International Refugee Organisation has arranged for new ships being made available for transportation of the Baltic migrants to Australia, it was learned here today.

Australia expects 20,300 new citizens from this source in the next thirteen months.

MEDICOS' DISPUTE SETTLED

CALCUTTA, July 4 (API): The dispute between the authorities and medical students over the holding of the Final M.B. Examination of Calcutta University culminating in a strike by the latter, has been settled.

The University authorities have agreed that the Final M.B. Examination due to be held in June, 1948, be held on and from August 23, 1948. The second M.B. Examination due to be held ordinarily in the month of November, 1948, be held in the second week of December, 1948. The Syndicate has also decided to inform the West Bengal Government that "the University authorities bear no ill-will against the students and have no intention to penalise them and suggest to Government that they would consider the question of releasing the medical students who have been arrested in connection with the incidents of June 19 last".

British Sculptor Gets Italian Award

VENICE (By Mail): The English sculptor Henry Moore has been awarded the prize of 500,000 lire (about £225) at the International Art Exhibition for his outstanding work.

The prize of 500,000 lire for the outstanding painter went to the 67-year-old French painter Georges Braque.

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Tenders to be superscribed: DGD.SR.-43438 CPM-IV

Late date for receipt of tenders: 30th July, 1948.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till: 30th August, 1948.

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The Director General of Disposals reserves the right to reject any or all offers without assigning any reason therefor.

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2,50,000 Kashmiris Pledge Support To Sheikh Abdullah

DETERMINATION TO 'FIGHT INVADER TO THE LAST MAN': INDIAN ARMY'S SUCCESS AT ZOJILA PASS

SRINAGAR, July 4 (UPI).—Two lakh and fifty thousand people of Handwara Tehsil in northern Kashmir who were recently liberated by the Indian Army from the clutches of the raiders gave an assurance to Sheikh Mahomed Abdullah, Premier of Kashmir, that they would fight the invaders to the last man.

Sheikh Abdullah who made an extensive tour of the whole Illaqa addressed mammoth gatherings of villagers at Trehagah, Kupwara, Chogul, Bumai Velagma, Notunosu and a number of other villages, and everywhere he was given tremendous ovation.

"PEOPLE'S SERVANT"

"The Prime Minister is your first servant", said Sheikh Abdullah to thousands of villagers whom he addressed at the village of Notunosu. He pointed out that the agrarian reforms introduced by the Government would go a long way in bettering their condition.

At Trehgam people related to Sheikh Abdullah the story of how raiders killed Mr. Abdul Gani, a prominent National Conference worker there.

At Chogul the Premier visited burnt houses of Sikhs and told a big audience there how raiders had killed Muslims at many places.

At Yelgam where he addressed a huge gathering Sheikh Abdullah said that Kashmir was grateful to Gandhiji, Pandit Nehru and the Indian troops for the help rendered in their hour of peril.

SRINAGAR, July 3 (API).—Continuing his tour of the northern districts of Kashmir Sheikh Abdullah, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir during the last three days toured over 20 villages covering about 150 miles and addressed over 50 crowded meetings. Sheikh Abdullah had a crowded programme and could not keep up to schedule and eager crowds had to wait for long hours to have a glimpse of their leader.

Brigadier Usman Killed

NEW DELHI, July 4 (API).—Brigadier Mohammed Usman, commanding Indian troops in Kashmir, was killed in action.

Announcing this a press note issued by the Ministry of Defence tonight said: "The Government of India much regret to announce the tragic death of Brigadier Mohammed Usman, killed in action fighting in Kashmir.

Brigadier Usman was commanding Indian troops in Kashmir.

Brigadier Usman's body will be brought to New Delhi where he will be given a military funeral."

BODY BROUGHT TO DELHI

The body of Brigadier Usman was brought to Delhi this evening in an R.I.A.F. aircraft and was received at the aerodrome with full military honours.

The Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh, Gen. Cariappa, General Officer Commanding, Western Command, General Sant Singh, Col. Misra and other military officers were present at the aerodrome to receive the body.

The funeral will take place tomorrow probably at 7 p.m. with full military honours.

RAIDERS REPULSED

SRINAGAR, July 4 (API).—Yet one more enemy attack has been repulsed by Indian Army troops guarding the snow-bound Zojila Pass, about 70 miles from Srinagar.

On June 29, after receiving reinforcements, the enemy made a determined bid to overrun our forward positions beyond the Pass. They concentrated particularly on one Indian detachment with medium machine guns and mortar fire and then tried to assault our positions. The raiders approached within two hundred yards, but our isolated detachment put up a gallant defence and halted them. After a six-hour battle the raiders were beaten back and dispersed. Further details are awaited.

States Secretary Meets Kashmir Maharajah

SRINAGAR, July 4 (UPI).—Mr V. P Menon, Secretary, Ministry of States, Government of India, who arrived here from Delhi by iar yesterday, had a meeting with the Maharaja of Kashmir today.

Though nothing is known about the nature of the talks held by Mr. Menon with the Maharaja, the political circles believe that the talks were in continuation of the conference held here on June 27, in which Pandit Nehru and two of his Cabinet colleagues, Sardar Baldev Singh and Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, also participated.

Mr. Menon is also meeting Shiekh Abdullah, the Kashmir Prime Minister, tonight.

National Conference President's Appeal

SRINAGAR, July 4. (U. P. I.): "The war that is being fought on the soil of Kashmir is in reality a people's war of Kashmir and not a war between India and Pakistan", said Khwaja Ghulam Mohiuddin, President of the District National Conference, addressing National Conference workers at Budgam, ten miles from Srinagar.

Mr. Mohiuddin said that time had come when Kisans would be 'de facto' masters of Kashmir and self-interest would goad them to fight the raiders who had come to enslave them.

Mr. Mohiuddin added: "Kisans must co-operate whole-heartedly with the Indian Army and help the troops to the maximum extent".

Representatives Of World's Universities To Meet At Utrecht

AMSTERDAM, (UPA): A "Preparatory Conference of Representatives of Universities" including India, will be held in Utrecht, Holland, August 2—13. This conference was called by the Assembly of UNESCO at Mexico City.

The general purpose is to promote international mutual understanding by affording an opportunity to representatives of universities all over the world to discuss their common problems, give each other mutual assistance to solve these problems and to establish a permanent contact between the universities and UNESCO.

More than 300 representatives will attend from USA, United Kingdom, India, France, China, Australia, Belgium, Colombia, Brazil, Canada, Italy, the Netherlands, Poland Czechoslovakia, Turkey, South Africa, Switzerland, Arabia, Bolivia, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Greece, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Lebanon, Liberia, Luxembourg, Mexico, New Zealand, Norway, Austria, Peru, Philippines, Salvador, Syria, Uruguay and Venezuela.

The conference will hold plenary sessions as well as committee sessions. The latter will discuss the changing position of universities; improvement of academic standards; university finances; universities and good international relations; and, the continuance of international co-operation between the universities.

Apart from the work programme, receptions and trips will be organised by the Dutch reception committee, including receptions by the Dutch Government and the municipalities of Amsterdam, Utrecht and The Hague.

LONDON, July 4. (U. P. I.): Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India, returned here last night from Prague. He accompanied Mr. Shanmukham Chetty, Indian Finance Minister, to Czechoslovakia on June 30. It is believed here that the purpose of their visit was to investigate possibilities of acquiring capital goods.

Graded Colour Bar

E. Africa Discriminates Against Indians

LOLNDON, July 3 (UPI)

It would "disrupt the economy" of the African territories to give Africans and Asians the same pay as Kenya, and Asians the same pay as Europeans", declares the Commission on Civil Services of Kenya, Tanganyika, Uganda and Zanzibar in a "report published here today.

The report discloses that the basic annual salaries of lowest clerical grades are: Africans £ 36 to £54; Asians mainly Indians £90 to 300; Europeans £150 to £420.

The report cannot defend these anomalies altogether, and admits that the Africans salaries should be "appreciably increased"—as well as the salaries of Europeans "who need higher salaries" to induce them to leave their native land".

Then the report goes on to declare that the Africans and the Asians are inferior to Europeans. An African is compared to an Asian, and is found to be "markedly inferior" to an Asian of the same educational qualifications in such matters as the sense of responsibility, judgment, application to duty and output of work.

C. V. RAMAN FOR AMERICA

BANGALORE, July 3 (API): The meeting of the Advisory Council of the International Bank for Reconstruction is to be held on July 18 at Washington.

Sir C. V. Raman, who will represent the interest of science on the Council, will leave Bangalore on July 9 for America.

Hapur Market Review

NEW PROCEDURE FOR SPEEDIER MOVEMENT OF FOOD GRAINS

Sugar Prices Above Cuban Quotations

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

HAPUR, July 1.

FOODGRAINS: There has been little change in the foodgrains markets so far as the price structure and receipts are concerned. Prices have been well maintained at higher levels nay at some place further advance in wheat prices has been recorded.

There has been further improvement in the imports position, but the same cannot be said of surrender of hoarded stocks in the country. In the U. P. for instance, market arrivals show no improvement and it is feared that with the advent of rains within a few days, villages trecks would be blocked and arrivals would get further reduced.

Another very complacement report regarding the over all food position in the country has been animated from official quarters. We are told that for the first time since 1943 the Central Government has been able to build a reserve of foodgrains of more than 1 lakh tons and this is expected to increase substantially by the middle of the year.

Of the steps that the Government of India have just taken to meet the food situation and check the rising spiral of prices one is a rather long term plan to reduce loss and the two are immediate steps. India's annual wastage of foodgrains caused by rats insects and moisture amounts to three million tons. To reduce these losses the Central Food Ministry has forwarded to provincial and state Governments storage designs for small holders of grain who form by far the most important element in the country's food economy.

Virtual rationing in the shape of relief shops is being reintrouced in Madras and Bombay. They make available a minimum quantity of foodgrains to the non-rationed population at reasonable prices. The relief quotas are issued against ration cards. Liberal grants of foodgrains are being made from the Centre to the heavily deficit areas of Madras, Bombay and Saurashtra.

With a view to facilitate speedier movement of foodgrains the Government of India have laid down certain procedure. Hereafter of wheat, rice, millets, barley and maize from one province or state to another would be under the Basic plan of the Central Government and would be controlled and sponsored by the Central Food Ministry. Inter-provincial movement of these commodities will not be permitted on trade account. Regarding pulses, gur and oilseeds there will ordinarily be no sponsoring of movements in favour of individual traders. Arrangements will be made to lay on special trains to facilitate movements by group of persons. Where special trains are not feasible and exceptional circumstances exist, the Central Ministry of Food will sponsor movements of these commodities by Ad-hoc wagon quotas.

Current quotations in the Hapur market are: Wheat 22 to 19, Gram 12/12, Barley 12, Bejhar 11/12, Maize 10, Bajra 10, Jouwar 14, Guwar 13, Peas 12/12, Arhar 12/14, Urd 18, Moong 16/8, Masoor 13/8.

Wheat arrivals averaged 500 mds. Arrivals of Barley and Gram were much lower.

GUR AND SUGAR: The Gur market remained fairly steady. Arrivals are now reduced to a daily average of 800 mds. while despatches have been maintained at an average of 45 to 50 wagon loads in a week. Ready is now quoted at 12/12. Arrivals will get reduced considerably with the advent of rains shortly. The market for Sugar continues to be dull. The world's Sugar output for the current season exceeds last year by 10 per cent. This year's output is estimated at 341,47,000 short tons as contrasted with 311,50,000 tons of 1946/47. The trend of production is upwards. With the Cuban prices suubstantially below India's Indian Sugar may not have any export outlet and even the Pakistan may be lost as its valuable customer. There has been little change in the quotations.

SARSON & OIL: The ready market continues to be very steady. Sarson is now quoted at 23/12 slightly higher than last week-end. Oil is quoted at 62. Taraseed prices have also improved. Present quotations are 20 to 18. There is a fairly good demand while supplies are poor.

The deadlock in the futures section continues. Jeth futures in Sarson, Peas and Arhar have not been settled; those affected—in fact some top ranking businessmen of them—have so far refused or evaded on some pretext or other to meet their commitments. There have already been prolonged talks but the same have failed to yield any tangible result.

In the futures section, Gur maintained a quiet to steady undertone. Prices fluctuated within a narrow range of 7 to 8 annas. Highest during the week touched 10/9 while the lowest touched 10/2. Presently Fagan is quoted at 10/3. There has been a distinct improvement in the morale of the bulls in the Gur section and short coverings invariably appear at lower prices.

The Bardana market remained extremely steady. With very limited stocks held in strong hands the bulls succeeded in squeezing the bears in view of the approaching Asar and June delivery. Asar improved from 95 to 102/8 during the week. June too advanced to 117. Asuj is quoted at 96/8 and October at 110.

In the Bullion section, the market remained quiet. Although the bulls are not inclined to yield substantially, they are at the same time indifferent at current prices. Silver which had closed at 170/4 advance to 170/8 on Friday last, it dropped down to 165/4 at one stage, rose again to 168 and is presently quoted at 166/8. Gold touched 113/14 and 112/4 on either two ends and is presently quoted at 113/8. Bombay advises indicate that Silver offtake has fallen down there but that of the Gold is well maintained. Arrivals were fairly satisfactory. There the bulls are holding fast. The fall at Hapur has been carried too far when compared to Bombay and other markets. This is an artificial position which may not last long. There was fairly good speculative turnover.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

The following is the statement of the position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 25th June:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities:	
(a) In India	693,81,75,000
(b) In Pakistan	86,89,36,000
2. Time Liabilities:	
(a) In India	311,61,17,000
(b) In Pakistan	18,51,30,000
3. Cash:	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes (Other than Pakistan notes).	
(a) In India	36,96,75,000
(b) In Pakistan	2,19,56,000
(ii) Pakistan Notes	
(a) In India	18,000
(b) In Pakistan	1,25,37,000
(iii) India Rupee Coin	
(a) In India	2,19,45,000
(b) In Pakistan	18,51,000
(iv) Pakistan Rupee Coin held in Pakistan.	2,06,000
(v) India Subsidiary Coin	
(a) In India	64,49,000
(b) In Pakistan	4,04,000
(vi) Pakistan Subsidiary Coin held in Pakistan.	65,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank:	102,63,34,000
5. Advances:	
(a) In India	435,54,65,000
(b) In Pakistan	32,86,20,000
6. Bills Discounted:	
(a) In India	15,76,35,000
(b) In Pakistan	61,81,000

Chicago Grain

NEW YORK July 3 (Reuter): Liquidating pressure resulting from more than a six cents per bushel decline in July Maize induced general selling of all grains.

Continued favourable weather advices, a large private crop estimate and preholiday evening up operations contributed to the bearish undertone in active dealings.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Urgent Need Of Rains

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd., has issued the following weekly report:

The export prospects of old crop cotton stocks in the U. S. are not considered very bright. This led to heavy liquidation and general selling resulting in a sharp break in prices, the decline in nearby July being more pronounced At lower levels, there was some short covering due to technical considerations. This, together with modest trade demand, caused a moderate recovery, which, in turn, attracted more offers, although the mid-June parity for cotton was announced as 31.12 as against mid-May 31.00. Concentrated liquidation in July delivery affected the entire list.

EXPORT SUBSIDY.

The Department of Agriculture, which has reduced the cotton export subsidy to 12-1/2 points a pound as on March 3rd has now announced a further cut, making it only 2 points a pound. Officials doubt whether exporters will bother to fill forms to collect the reduced subsidy. The retention of this meagre subsidy instead of complete elimination, is intended to keep the subsidy programme alive, should it be necessary to encourage cotton exports at some future date. The Department also announced that the cotton export subsidy programme has been amended to allow subsidy on cotton paid for with foreign aid funds.

The spot market at Alexandria was active during the week, Karnak offers were scarce in face of excellent demand resulting in a rise of 400 points in this grade. Short staples also met sustained enquiry.

After the precipitate fall witnessed last week, the Bombay forward market moved irregularly upwards to Rs. 675 on nervous short covering. This advance was partly influenced by technical reasons. The revised decision, increasing the tendering differences but not to the extent as was expected by the trade, was interpreted as bullish. The reports of insufficient rains over a wide area also contributed to the advancing trend. Due to accumulation of weak long interest many operators thought it wise to secure profits at this righer level and prices reverted back to Rs. 650 due to realising.

REPLACEMENT BUYING.

The replacement buying by the bull group on declines gives the impression that a squeeze may materialise. Some quarters believe there may not be enough cotton to offer on dockets and hardly can any further supplies be expected from upcountry centres owing to a variety of bottle-necks. On the other hand, there are some who think that the discount of Rs. 16 at which September is quoted below July is a bearish factor. The holders of cotton, instead of carrying cotton to September at a large discount would be inclined to tender it against July. Tenders against the July Contract today amounted to 7,350 bales less than expected.

The mill consumption for the first seven months of the season as compiled by the office of the Textile Commissioner amounted to 1,932,888 bales of Indian cotton and 394,017 of foreign cotton as compared with 1,823,473 bales and 392,174 bales respectively for the corresponding period last year. The stocks held by mills as on 31-3-1948 were 1,286,053 bales Indian cotton and 252,752 bales foreign cotton, as compared with 1,531,314 bales and 290,738 bales respectively last year. While the consumption is an improvement over last year, the stock position of the mills would appear to be not very comfortable as they carry stocks which would last them only 4-1/2 months. Stocks in Bombay stood at 1,062,298 on 24th June 1948 as against 1,421,380 same time last year.

Enquiry for Vijay, Good Jarilias as well as cheaper varieties of Bengals was maintained during the week. Local mills were picking up available lots of good staple varieties. Vijay was firm at a premium roundabout Rs. 205, 210 on Berar and C. P. I. Jarilla were steady respectively at Rs. 90/100 and 135/130 on Moglais fetched Rs. 35/45 on.

Contrary to the weather pundits predictions, the monsoon current except for isolated heavy falls, failed to gain strength. Complaints of paucity of rain have been common from most cotton growing districts excepting Khandesh and Berar More moisture is needed in Central India, C. P. and Georani district in Moglais for sowing operations being pushed forward on a large scale. Light showers in Broach district have not been helpful and sowings have been practically suspended. Sowinge of Mungari crop in Westerns-Northerns have been held up owing to dry conditions. More rains are needed in Comptas for the completion of sowing operations and for proper germination. With ample supply of canal water crop accounts from irrigated areas in East Punjab are very satisfactory. Unirrigated areas are in urgent need of rains.

We have received the following telegram dated 30th June 1948 from our Karachi office:—

"In spite of rising prices of desirable qualities in Karachi, arrivals from upcountry have fallen considerably which should strengthen statistical position. Weather report is favourable all round."

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, July 3.

Coiryarn Beypore 140/150, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 105, Ungarbled 95, Cocoanuts Raw 110, Dry 158, Cocoanut Oil 445, Copra Office 310, Dilpesand 325, Madrasnottam 330, Pepper Wynaad 1250, Country 1225, Dry Ginger Chernad 390, Ernad 360, Coffee Robusta 160, Timber Pali 55/60, Junglewood 25 30, Vellapine 40/45, Benteak 35/45, Teak 90/120, Mango 3/4, Teak 10 20, Rosewood 10/15.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, July 3.

Wheat 20, Gram 13/4, Barley 12 8, Bejhar 11, Maize 10, Bajra 11/4, Jwar 14, Peas 12/10, Arhar 12/10, Urd 18/4, Moong 17, Masoor 13.

Stocks Wheat 4, Barley 159, Peas 13, Arhar 8, Maize 16, Khatties.

Gur Ready 12/10, Shakkar 12/8, Forward Fagan 10/6'6, Opened 10/6, Yesterday Closed 10 6'3, Sarson 25, Taraseed 18 to 20, Oil 65, Oilcake 7/4, Binola 13 to 16, Groundnut 14, Oosts 9/3, Methi 15/8, Bardana Asuj 99, October 110, Asar 104/8, Ready 103.

Silver Forward 166/8, Opened 166/8, Yesterday Closed 166/10, Very quiet.

Gold Forward 113, Yesterday Closed 113/4.

Chicago Wheat

July	2.28-3/4
September	2.29-1/4
December	2.30
May	2.28-3/4

Shipping News

IMPORTS

S. S. VASILIOR EKULUKONDAS From Liverpool.

47 bdls. boat protectors, 38 cases roofing bolts and nuts, 154 cases artificial silk yarn, 27 bags bolts and nuts, 225 cases glazed tiles, 1203 coils steel bailing hoops, 870 cases textile parts, 194 loose steel castings, 2223 loose firebricks, 50 barrels metal case reels, 628 bags boiler lugging paper bind, 27 cases glass shades, 720 bags sodium hyposulphite, 286 drums lubricating oil 141 drgms brenthals, 75 drums dry aniline, 215 drums Indigo grains, 100 hydrsulphite of soda, 37 bdls. spring, 28 bdls asbestos backings, 275 bdls steel, 200 bags sulphate of copper, 100 bdls copper sheets, 40 bags cut steel nails, 100 bags black bolts and nuts, 670 coils, 112 drums solid zinc chloride, 377 bdls. yellow metalsheets, 107 bags sanitary ware, 174 pcs. diesel engines spares.

From Glasgow.

43 bags dog spokes, 26 bdls fireclay, 257 packages sanitary ware, 28 cases whisky, 398 pcs. p.e. ware, 95 bags blackeets, 1800 flat steel bars, 84 pcs. steel tubes.

From Waure "A".

150 bags cut steel nails, 350 boxes tinplates, 44 coils flatt wire sheets, 150 bdls. copper sheets, 700 bags mixed wire-nails.

EXPORTS

Goods entered for Export.

S. S. AMRA

To Mombasa—5 cases cotton knitted hosiery—The Swadeshi Mfg. and Spg. Co. Ltd.

S. S. LUTTERKERK

To Marseilles-1954 bags safflower-seeds-G. Gokulchand.

S. S. MOUNTMANSFIELD

To New York-150 bdls. cotton waste-C Damodar & Co.,

S. S. CHIOGGIA

To Venice-350 bales cloth piece-goods-Universal Cotton Trdg.

To Trieste-100 bales cotton waste-C. Damodar & Co.

S. S. DWARKA.

To Khoramshahr-196 cases black tea-M s. Lipton Ltd.

To Bushire—300 bags tamarind—R. Maghji.

S. S. NETRAVATI

To Karachi-28 bags H. Erza & Co., 25 bags H.H.H. Abdulla.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"S.S. NETRAVATI" arrived from Karachi on July 2 with 671 tons of general cargo (B.S.N Co).

"M Y SENORA MARGARETTA" arrived from Plemouth, England, on July 2 last.

"JAL KRISHNA arrived from Hamburg with cargo on July 2 last. (Scindia).

DEPARTURES

"LOUIS BLOSS" sailed for Hongkong on July 2 with 5962 bales of cotton.

"EXMOUTH" of American nationality sailed for New York on July 3 with 3000 tons of general cargo.

HURDLE FOR INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT

U. S. Shelves Issue And Puts Blame On Argentina!

WASHINGTON, July 4. (Reuter): The possibility that international wheat agreement to which India is a signatory has not survived its birth pains will face delegates to the International Wheat Council Assembly, which meets here on Tuesday.

Fewer than half the countries which subscribed to the agreement have ratified it and it is certain that the agreement cannot come into operation this year.

In addition to India, the agreement has been ratified by Britain, Australia, South Africa, Denmark, Austria, Eire, Switzerland, New Zealand, Canada, Egypt, Cuba and the Dominican Republic.

Most notable exception is the United States, the nation which had fought most determinedly, for an international wheat accord.

It is understood that many nations were dissuaded from accepting the agreement by the action of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee in shelving the question of ratification.

This action may well set at naught negotiations for an international agreement, which has proceeded over a period of fifteen years.

REACTIONARIES WIN

At the same time it represents a resounding victory for certain United States wheat merchants, who have campaigned vigorously against the agreement as a form of control encroaching improperly upon their trading interests.

American delegates will be open to a bitter chiding on Tuesday, especially from those countries who had been counting on a substantial portion of their wheat needs being assured for the period of the agreement.

ARGENTINA HURDLE

Arguments before the Foreign Affairs Committee centered on the contention that the wheat agreement could not be expected to function effectively without the participation of Argentina, which has steadfastly refused to become associated with it.

Argentina has been charging many importing countries five dollars and more a bushel during the post-war cereals shortage. She is unwilling to surrender this profit against the probability of smaller advantages from a guaranteed five-year export market at a lesser profit margin in the early years.

The United States' attitude is still uncertain despite exhaustive discussions between Departmental officials.

Broad issues, to be decided at Tuesday's meeting will be whether to (1) abandon all hope of ever reaching an agreement on wheat or (2) determine whether there is some way of keeping the door open for an agreement which would come into effect with the beginning of the next crop year.

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Gram: "NATRUMAN"

BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA

MOVE TO AVERT DEADLOCK

(Continued from Page 1)

loaded with supplies landed in the 24 hours up to noon today.

The western military leaders told Marshal Sokolovsy at his Headquarters near Berlin last night of the difficult food situation in the western sectors, according to the official Soviet version of the talks. The Soviet Marshal was reported by the Soviet-licensed German news agency to have told the Western Generals that the holdup on the railway from Berlin was only one of many parts of a complex question.

He said the Soviet authorities were taking steps to repair the railway line.

He blamed Britain, France and the United States for having "produced the present difficulties themselves" by their "separate acts and splitting measures."

Under a new currency law issued last night western sector workers will be able to claim only 25 per cent of their wages in the new "Deutche Marks". The regulation thus recognises the existence of the Capital's double currency.

This provoked fears in some German quarters in the western sectors that the western powers were taking the first step to abandon the attempt to introduce the western "Deutsche Mark" into Berlin.

A statement explaining the new law declared: "Since what is valuable is scarce, the "Deutsche Mark" must remain comparatively scarce in Berlin."

The United Press of America adds: The apparent Western Allied financial capitulation announced last night was reliably stated not to have resulted from any discussions betwen the Western Commanders and Soviet Marshal V. Sokolovsky.

The order implied, in effect, that employees in the Western sectors would be forced to receive up to 75 per cent of their earnings in Soviet backed curency. It is widely regarded as a substantial withdrawal from the firm position adopted when the new Western currency was hurriedly introduced into the divided city two weeks ago.

Some observers believed there is another idea behind the move to pave the way to renewed talks on a single currency for Berlin.

CURRENCY RULING IS NO RETREAT

LONDON, July 4 (U.P.A.): A Foreign Office spokesman said today the new currency ruling that German workers in the Western sectors of Berlin will get only 25 per cent of their pay in new Deutsche marks was no retreat.

Stories from Berlin interpreted the ruling as giving in to the Russians.

The spokesman said Berlin had to have two currencies since there was so much intercourse between the Russian and Western zone. He said last night's law would push the Deutsche Mark further into the financial life of Berlin. He said official comment was being left to Berlin since the law was passed there. The spokesman said that if all West zone salaries and wages were paid in Deutsche marks the value of the West mark would fall.

The spokesman said, "But by no means should this be considered backing down in Berlin. It is no concession."

MINORITIES IN EAST BENGAL

(Continued from Page 1)

of Partition had been filled up by bye-elections, no step had so far been taken to fill up the seven non-Muslim seats which had been vacant for a long time.

The deputationists urged the Premier to send adequate relief immediately to the flood affected areas in Netrokona and Bhairab Bazar.

EXODUS OF HINDUS FROM E. BENGAL

West Bengal Plans To Stop It

CALCUTTA, July 3 (API): Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier of West Bengal, addressing a Press Conference here today said that every attempt should be made not only to stop the present exodus of Hindus from East to West Bengal but to induce those who had already come to return to their homes.

Dr. Roy said the West Bengal Government were negotiating with the East Bengal Government on the question of creating such conditions in East Bengal as would encourage the refugees to go back to that province.

The Government, said the Premier, had secured houses for that accommodation of refuges mostly outside Calcutta. Those who had come from East Bengal should spread themselves in the districts and not put too much pressure on Calcutta.

CLOTH PROBLEM

Referring to the cloth problem, the Premier said that the Government had prepared a scheme for a controlled distribution—mainly in the districts—of 2,500 bales per month, which the Central Government had agreed when the Government decontrolled cloth, Dr. Roy said, they hoped that the trade would help them. But this had not been the case. In March-April, the stock in West Bengal was about 10 times the monthly requirements of the province. If the trade had distributed the stock in the Province instead of taking a part of it elsewhere, where higher prices prevailed, the present crisis would not have arisen.

Lohia To Address Students' Congress

BANGALORE, July 4. (A. P. I.): Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Socialist leader, arrived here this afternoon from Lucknow. He will address the All-India Students' Congress, which is meeting here on July 6, 7 and 8. Over one thousand student-delegates from different parts of India are expected to attend the session.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No. B 1065

Manufacture Of Pulp And Paper From Bamboo

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT PREPARED TO GIVE PERMITS FOR FACTORIES

The Government of Bombay is prepared to permit the establishment of a factory or factories in the Kanara forests of Bombay Karnatak for the manufacture of Pulp and Paper with bamboo as raw material. The following table gives the estimated sustained annual yield of air dry bamboos in that locality:

Serial No.	Locality	Sustained annual yield tons air dry.	Yield available for economic extraction tons air dry.	Suggest factory ec.
1.	Gangavali catchment area.	30,000	15,000	Gundbala
2.	Kalinadi catchment area.	14,000	7,000	Sulgeri
3.	Mundgod Forests of E.D. Kanara.	60,000	50,000	Sidelgundi
4.	Gund Plateau.	8,000		
5.	South Supa area from Kumbarwada-Hudsa to Ulvi.	20,000	15,000	Crossing of Dandeli Gund road with Kaneri river.
6.	Dandeli, Virnoli Kulgi and Bhagwati Ranges.		35,000	Dandeli.
7.	Supa North.	1,00,000	45,000	Bomanhalli
		20,000	Final	Supa.

The estimate of the yield is based on 5 per cent enumerations carried out in the forests and is presumed to be fairly accurate; but no guarantee can be given by the Government. The factory sites suggested in the last column of the above table are localities where plentiful supply of water is assured, being located on the perennial rivers or nallahs.

PRINCIPAL SPECIES

Following are the two principal species of bamboos growing in the locality: (a) Medar (Dendrocalamus strictus) and (b) Dowga (Bambusa arundancea).

The chemical analysis of these bamboos is being carried out at the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun and the information may be obtained from the Conservator of Forests, Utilization and Engineering Circle, B.P., Poona 1.

Corporation or individuals wishing to start the pulp or paper factory or factories in the above zone should apply to the Chief Conservator of Forests, B.P. Poona 1, within two months from the date of this announcement. It is not likely that any restrictions would be imposed on the export of pulp outside the Province. But the Government may insist on certain quota of paper being made available for the use of Government.

Industrialists interested may get in touch with the Conservator of Forests, Utilization and Engineering Circle, for further information that they may require.

UNITS OF THE INDIAN UNION—XI—
MATSYA

The United State of Matsya came into existence on March, 17, 1948. This unit of the Indian Union, with an area of 7,589 square miles and with a population of 18.38 lakhs is comprised of the four States viz:

BHARATPUR: 1,978 sq. miles. DHOLPUR: 1,173 sq. miles.
ALWAR: 3,158 sq. miles. KARAULI: 1,227 sq. miles.

WAR IN INDO-CHINA CONTINUES

"Resistance" Leaders Boycott New Central Government

SAIGON, July 4 (Reuter): The task of General Neuyen Van Kuan, President of the Provisional Central Government of Vietnam formed following the signature last month of the Agreement for an independent unified state within the French Union, is becoming increasingly difficult.

In spite of the declaration of independence, nothing is changed in Vietnam today.

The war goes on as before with Ho Chi Minh, leader of the National Resistance Movement continuing the struggle with the support of the great majority of the population.

Not a single member of the Resistance Movement consented to take office in the Central Government and the position of General Kuan himself is precarious.

The French who want to retain direction of the policy and internal economy of the country, especially in Cochin China, accuse him bitterly of setting himself up as a director and sabotage the Independence Agreement.

Many important questions including the appointment of diplomatic representatives, the position of the Army and Finance were purposely omitted from the agreement.

If friendly relations are to be maintained with the French wide concessions wil be necessary.

Bollaert In Paris

PARIS, July 3 (Reuter): M. Emile Bollaert, French High Commissioner for Indo-China, was received here today by M. Juglas President of the Overseas Commission of the French National Assembly.

M. Bollaert, who last month signed an agreement recognising freedom for the Indo-Chinese State of Vietnam within the French Union, is in Paris to report to his Government.

"COMMONWEALTH CITIZEN" ONLY ALTERNATIVE?

Prospects Of "British Nationality Bill" Battle In Commons

(From Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

LONDON, July 4 (Reuter):

The Commonwealth-approved British Nationality Bill is expected to be passed by Parliament this month though there may be a further Lords V Commons struggle before the Upper House waives its objections to some colonial and other provisions.

The main purpose of the Bill is to establish that people of each self-Governing country within the Commonwealth have a particular status as citizens of their own country and a common status as members of the Commonwealth.

LORDS OBJECTION

The Lords—to whom the Bill was first sent—are objecting to a clause which gives common citizenship to United Kingdom and colonial citizens.

They defeated the Government by amending "Citizen" in this context to 'British Subject.'

The Government maintains that this amendment impairs the value of the Bill and they intend taking first steps to restore the Bill to its original shape when on Wednesday the Commons debates it on second reading.

Viscount Jowitt, the Lord Chancellor, explaining the bill to the House of Lords recently, said the phrase "British Subject" might cause some misgiving in India, Pakistan or Ceylon, or even in older Dominions which owed their descent to other great parent races—the French in Canada and the Dutch in South Africa.

ALTERNATIVE TERM

He indicated that he was consulting the Dominions to see whether an alternative term such as "Commonwealth citizen" should be adopted if they preferred it.

In the Colonial debate on Thursday Colonial Secretary, Mr. Arthur Creech-Jones, is expected to review events in Malaya and many members will press Government speakers for information.

GENERAL UNREST IN WEST PAKISTAN

Intense Anti-Indian Propaganda

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 3: Two sets of reports are received here from Pakistan. One set of reports indicate general unrest in Western Pakistan. There is unrest in Sind over Karachi, there is unrest in Frontier over Pathanistan and frustration over Kashmir and there is unrest in Western Punjab over agrarian and ministerial matters.

Second set of reports indicate intense anti-Indian propaganda through press, cartoons and radio.

One view expressed here is that Pakistan rulers would like to save themselves by diverting mass dissatisfaction towards India. Open incitement of Hyderabad ruling clique against India is another instance to get embroiled with India.

These developments are being watched here with some anxiety. Government's first concern is to make India strong and could be relied upon to take all steps towards this objective.

SARDAR EXPECTED BACK IN DELHI ON JULY 6

NEW DELHI, July 3, (UPI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Deputy Prime Minister of the Government of India is expected back in Delhi on July 6, according to his present programme.

CUT IN PETROL QUOTA TO BE RESTORED

NEW DELHI, July 3, (UPI): The cut in petrol quota by 50 per cent will be restored from the next quarter, it is learnt.

VAGNOZZI AS CHARGE D'AFFAIRS IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 3, (UPI): Monsigner E. Vagnozzi has been appointed as Charge D'Affairs A.I. of the Apostolic Internunciat (Legation), at Delhi, pending the presentation of credentials by the Internuncio.

KHADI PRODUCTION IN MADRAS

Move To Ensure Living Wages To Artisan

MADRAS, July 3, (U. P. I): In order to ensure purity of khadi available for distribution in the province and to see that khadi is produced by artisans who receive living wages at all stages of its production, the Madras Government have decided to eliminate all private dealers selling uncertified khadi. The Government feel that khadi produced in Government khadi centres and in all-India spinners' association's producing centres and other organisations approved by the AISA alone should be treated as khadi in future, and accordingly they have decided that other producers and dealers should leave the field of khadi.

The Government have also warned producers, dealers and hawkers, now carrying on khadi business, that they should wind up their business before the end of December

Rajbhoj On Rehabilitation Of Harijan Refugees

POONA, July 2 (API): Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, General Secretary of the Scheduled Castes Federation, who recently toured Bengal, Bihar, the United Provinces and Delhi in a statement says that if politics enters into the question of rehabilitation and resettlement of refugees from Pakistan, it is bound to have an adverse effect on the condition of the refugees— physically, economically and morally.

Mr. Rajbhoj states that Scheduled Caste refugees are suffering untold miseries and very little is being done for their comforts. The Government of India should tackle this problem in an impartial manner, taking the help of real representatives of the Scheduled Castes Refugees in that regard.

Rebuilding R.I.A.F

Expansion Of Training Facilities

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 3.

The truncated Indian airforce is being rebuilt speedily, I learnt. As a result of partition, India was left with 7 fighter squadrons and one transport squadron. Both services are being expanded.

Special emphasis is laid on training. Advanced flying schools at Ambala have been expanded and facilities have been made available for higher and advanced training for which pilots were sent to the United Kingdom so far.

Facilities for conversion of flying training from single to multiple engine aircraft have also been made available. The initial training wing at Coimbatore and the elementary flying training school at Jodhpur have been also expanded. Trades school have been opened at Bangalore and Tambaram. India's anti-aircraft defences have been modernised and latest types of radar have been put in use. For repair and servicing maintenance units are being equipped with modern devices. Selected RIAF officers are being sent to foreign countries for specialised training.

RAMA RAU MEETS PANDIT NEHRU

Leaving For New York Middle Of July

NEW DELHI, July 3 (API): Sir B. Rama Rau, Indian Ambassador-designate to the United States who recently returned from Japan and a series of discussions with the officials of the External Affairs Ministry and met the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru.

He left for Madras today and is expected early next week in Bombay where he will stay for a week and leave for New York on July 13.

En route he will stay in London for two days.

Sir Rama Rau will be accompanied by his daughter Miss Santa Rama Rau who had previously lived in the United States for 4 years. Lady Rama Rau will join her husband in Washington early in August.

SADIQ ALI RESIGNS A.I.C.C. SECRETARYSHIP

Will Work For Lok Sevak Sangh

NEW DELHI, July 3 (UPI): Authoritative confirmation is now available from the AICC headquarters that Mr. Sadiq Ali has resigned from the permanent Secretaryship of the AICC.

Mr. Sadiq Ali will be the General Secretary of the Lok Sevak Sangh which the constructive workers of the Unied Provinces have recently organised for carrying on constructive work both intensively and extensively in the province. This Sangh would work in close co-operation with the Congress and Government.

FORMATION OF KERALA PROVINCE

Kelappan Discusses Issue With Congress Leaders

NEW DELHI, July 3 (API): Mr. Kelappan, President of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee who was here for the last 4 days met the Congress President Dr. Rajendra Prasad and other Congress officials and discussed with them matters relating to the Congress in Kerala.

He had an interview with Mr. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General of India yesterday. Besides he met Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary, States Ministry and had a talk with him on the question of United Kerala.

Mr. Kelappan left for Malabar today via Bombay.

Harda Congress Leader Advised To End Fast

JUBBULPORE, July 3 (API): The Congress Presideat, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, has sent a telegram to Mr. Maheedutt Mishra, President Harda District Congress Committee advising him to terminate the fast which he had undertaken on June 21 in protest against alleged corruption, nepotism and other irregularities obtaining in the Provincal Congress organisation.

Dr. Prasad thought that the fast was improper and advised that constitutional methody be adopted for seeking redressal of Mr. Mishra's compaints.

SCOTTISH WOMAN TRIES TO —STOP HOISTING OF UIOON JACK

FORT WILLIAM (Scotland) July 3. (Reuter): Miss Wendy Wood, a Scotish Nationalist tried to stop the hoisting here on Fort William of the Union Jack which was hauled down in Fort William, Calcutta, last year when Indian was created a Dominion.

400 DEMONSTRATORS INJURED

Incident At French Socialist Party Congress

PARIS, July 4 (Reuter): Defeat of last month's strike at Clermont Ferrand has convinced the French Communist Party that it is impossible to call a general political strike, M. Jules Moch, Minister of the Interior, told the French Socialist Party Congress yesterday.

He produced a rubber truncheon with a lead ball attacked and a glass container from which acid has been thrown in the demonstrations in which 400 people were injured.

"The Communist Party knows that in a trial of strength the Government would have the advantages, because the majority of the working class will not follow them", M. Moch said.

FAIR PRICE SHOPS IN KARWAR

KARWAR, July 2, (A.P.I.): Eighteen fair price shops in five derationed towns and 94 in the rural areas have started functioning all over the Karwar district from July 1.

The Collector of Karwar has instructed that out of the 12 ounce-quota allowed to an adult, 50 per cent could be given in the shape of rice and wheat (popular grains) and the rest shall be unpopular grains.

The Government have increased the maximum income limit of an individual, who could claim food grains from the fair price shops, from Rs. 150 to 250.

HYDERABAD AGENTS IN INDIAN UNION

NAGPUR, July 3 (A.P.I.): Ample evidence to confirm that Hyderabad agents are at work among Muslim subjects of Indian Union and are trying to induce doubtful elements to enter Hyderabad State is furnished in reports received here in official circles.

Recently some Muslims who were arrested by the C. P. Police while they were trying to cross into Hyderabad State territory confessed that they intended to join the Hyderabad State forces.

It is also reported that these agents make efforts to lure the Muslims by stories of "easy loot" of the rich Hindus awaiting them inside Hyderabad State and invitations to "try their luck."

MADRAS, July 4, (U. P. I.): Namburi Sreenivasa Rao, the Communist Leader of East Godavari district who had gone underground, was arrested at Bhimadole yesterday.

Indian Troops Avert Famine In Kashmir

NEW DELHI, July 3 (A.P.I.): The Indian Army troops averted famine in the Rajauri-Punch sector and in border villages of Jammu Province by helping to harvest about 8,000 maunds of grain which was later distributed to the distressed refugees, it is learnt.

Retreating raiders in this sector adopted a scorched earth policy and destroyed a large part of standing crops. The local population was too terrified together what was left. On the Border villages of Jammu armed men in uniform from Pakistan carried out a campaign of loot with a view to creating famine. The local population who had fled in terror are now returning.

AUSTRALIAN PREMIER AT SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE July 4 (Reuter): Mr. Joseph Chiefley Australian Premier, and Mr. E. McCarthy Secretary of the Department of Commerce, arrived here by air today on their way to England. Mr. Chiefley will have talks with the British Government in London, the main purpose of his visit is believed to be concern over the general economic situation. It is also believed that he will discuss long range immigration plans

Durban Indians Await Mahatma's Ashes

DURBAN, July 4 (Reuter) Indians from all parts of South Africa gathered here today to meet a special plane bringing Mahatma Gandhi's ashes and attend a special ceremony of homage

Tonight the ashes will be handed to Mr. Manilal Gandhi, second son of the Mahatma, who will immerse them in a stream near his home fifteen miles north of Durban.

NIZAM TAKES ORDERS FROM PAKISTAN?

Bhopal Staff Of Deccan Airways Asked To Hurry To Hyderabad

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, July 3.

Following the restrictions imposed by the Government of India against supply of extra petrol to Deccan Airways service and their planes landing in Hyderabad, Deccan Airways, it is authentically learned have advised their staff at Bhopal to remove all members and stock from Bhopal to Hyderabad immediately either by rail or by air It is further understood these measures were adopted presumably under Pakistan Government's instructions to defeat Government of India's object.

Pro-Nizam Activities In Gujarat & Saurashtra

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 3.

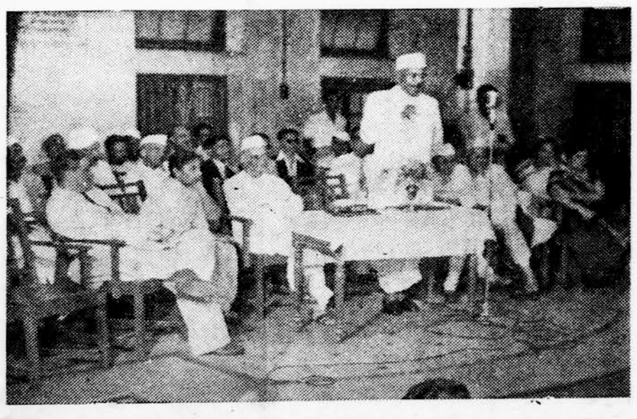
It is reliably gathered from political quarters that secret activities of Nizam's Razakars and pro-Nizam propaganda is going on in several areas of Gujarat and Saurashtra, especially in thickly populated Muslim areas. It is recalled that arrests of several such suspicious persons were recently made at Junagadh. Posters appealing to Muslims to perpetuate Nizam's rule were found at several places in Saurastra. It is learnt old Muslim Leaguers are supporting Razakar activities in Saurashtra and Gujarat and authorities are not inattentive towards such activities.

On reports that Razakar activities are going on several parts of Ahmedabad, local Congress leaders drew the attention of Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister in this connection. It is understood strict vigilance is kept against such activities.

SARAT BOSE AT PROGRESSIVE GROUP

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose is seen addr essing the Progressive Group, Bombay, on Saturday evening.

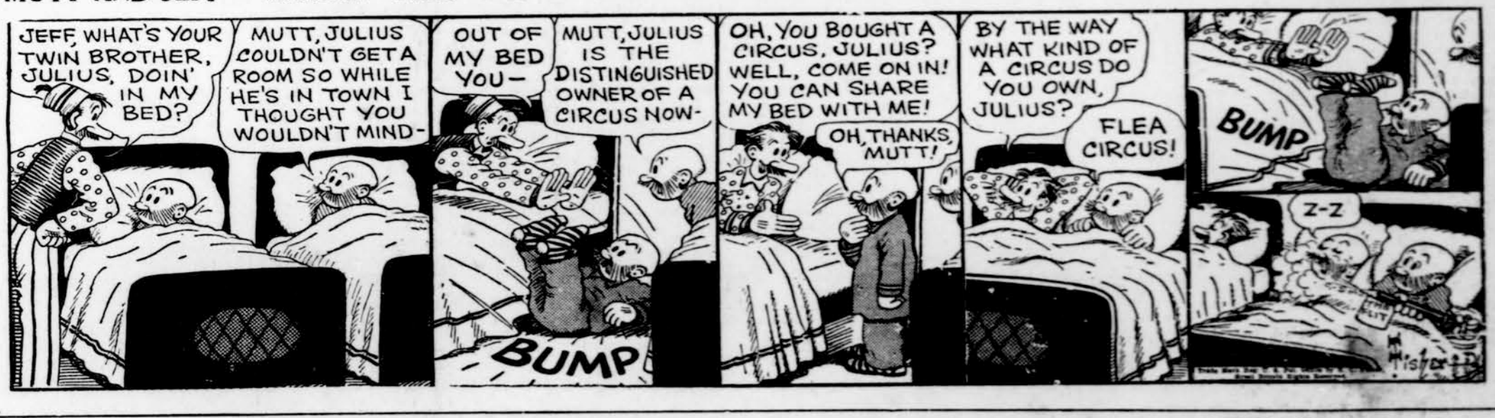
Farewell Address To K. T. Mantri



The workers of the Bombay City Adult Education Committee presented a farewell address to Mr. K. T. Mantri on his retirement from his office at a meeting held at the Jinnah Hall, Congress House, on Saturday evening under the presidentship of Mr. G. D Vartak. In the picture Mr. Vartak is seen addressing.

MUTT AND JEFF — After All—There Was A Great Race Horse Called Exterminator

By BUD FISHER


JEFF, WHAT'S YOUR TWIN BROTHER, JULIUS, DOIN' IN MY BED?
MUTT, JULIUS COULDN'T GET A ROOM SO WHILE HE'S IN TOWN I THOUGHT YOU WOULDN'T MIND-
OUT OF MY BED YOU-
MUTT, JULIUS IS THE DISTINGUISHED OWNER OF A CIRCUS NOW-
BUMP
OH, YOU BOUGHT A CIRCUS, JULIUS? WELL, COME ON IN! YOU CAN SHARE MY BED WITH ME!
OH, THANKS, MUTT!
BY THE WAY WHAT KIND OF A CIRCUS DO YOU OWN, JULIUS?
FLEA CIRCUS!
BUMP
Z-Z

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